



Agenda

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04 Fact book



Port Logistics

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Container segment

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Intermodal segment

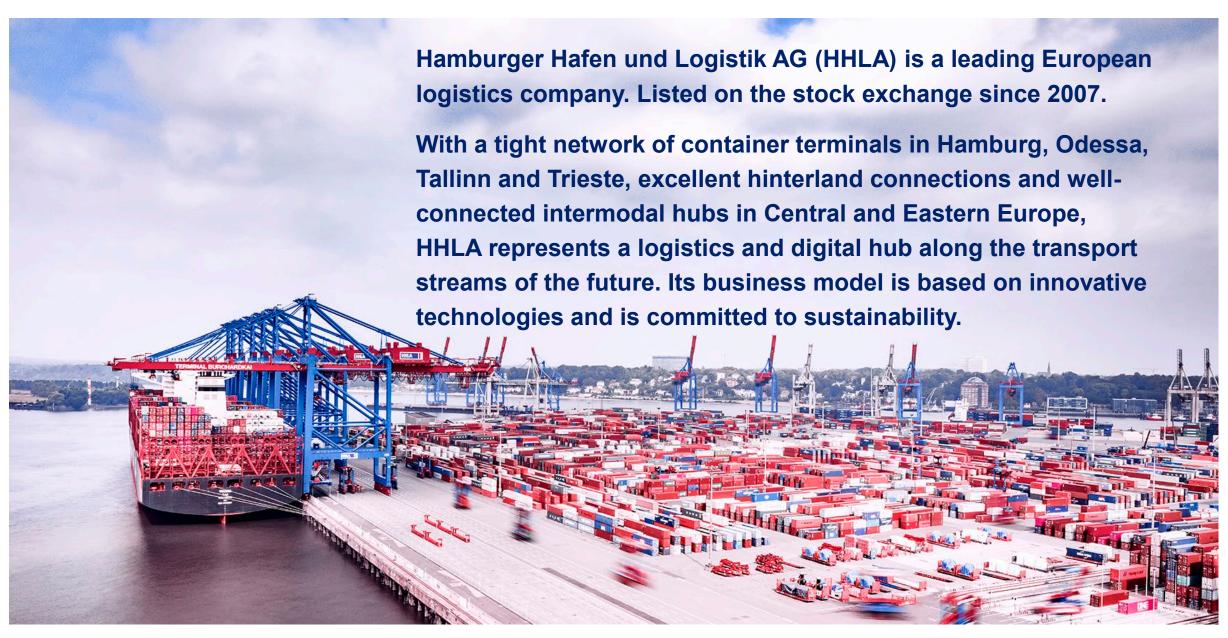
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Logistics segment

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One of Europe's leading logistics companies

Group is divided into two subgroups: Port Logistics and Real Estate

HHLA Group Subgroups **Port Logistics Real Estate** Segments Container Intermodal Logistics **Real Estate** Non-listed class S shares Listed class A shares as of 31 December 2023* Shareholder (2,704,500 no-par-value shares) (72.514.938 no-par-value registered shares) structure Class A shares comprise all segments of the Port 69.3 % Logistics subgroup (Container, Intermodal, Logistics) Free and Hanseatic Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg (FHH) City of Hamburg 100 % holds 69.3 % of the listed class A shares Free and 12.9 % As part of its takeover offer, 10.1 % were tendered Hanseatic City MSC (acquired) to MSC by shareholders, in addition MSC acquired of Hamburg 10.1 % 12.9 % on the market MSC (tendered) Stock exchanges: 12.7 % Frankfurt am Main, Hamburg Free float



^{*} the transaction is still subject to merger control, subsidy control and foreign trade law procedures as well as the approval of the Hamburg Parliament of the Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg (so-called conditions precedent). Subject to the fulfillment of these conditions precedent, the transaction is expected to close in the third quarter of 2024.

Port Logistics subgroup well positioned along vertical logistic chain services

State-of-the-art container throughput and transport services supported by specialised and new logistic activities

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Container segment

- Three container terminals in Hamburg with a local market share of 76 %
- Terminals in Odessa (UKR) and Tallinn (EST); majority stake in Trieste (ITA)
- Container handling and transfer between modes of transport (ship, rail, truck)
- Container-related services (e.g. storage, maintenance, repair)

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Intermodal segment

- Container transport via rail and truck in the ports' hinterland
- Loading and unloading of carriers
- Operation of seven terminals and 20 inland terminals in CEE
- Around 650 regular train connections per week with own fleet



Logistics segment

- Specialist handling of dry bulk, general cargo, vehicles, fruit, etc.
- New business activities activities for process automation, airborne logistics services and digital services, particularly for the Intermodal segment
- Consulting and training

y figures 2020	
Revenue	Revenue share
€ 708.8 m	
	400/
EBIT margin	49%
6.7 %	
Revenue	Revenue share
€ 620 5 m	revenue snare
C 020.0 III	400/
EBIT margin	43%
11.7%	
EBIT	Revenue share
€ 0.6 m	
EBIT margin	5 %
•	J /0
	Revenue € 708.8 m EBIT margin 6.7 % Revenue € 620.5 m EBIT margin 11.7%

Key figures 2023

Executive Board

Experienced management with focus on strengthening the core business and future viability of HHLA

Executive Board



First appointment October 2016

Chairwoman

- Corporate development
- Corporate communications
- Sustainability
- Container sales
- Intermodal segment
- Logistics segment



First appointment January 2023

Chief Financial Officer

- Finance and controlling (including organisation)
- Investor relations
- Internal audit
- Real Estate segment



First appointment April 2017

Chief Operating Officer

- Container operations
- Technology
- Information systems



First appointment April 2019

Chief HR Officer

- Human resources
- Purchasing and materials management
- Health and safety in the workplace
- Legal and insurance

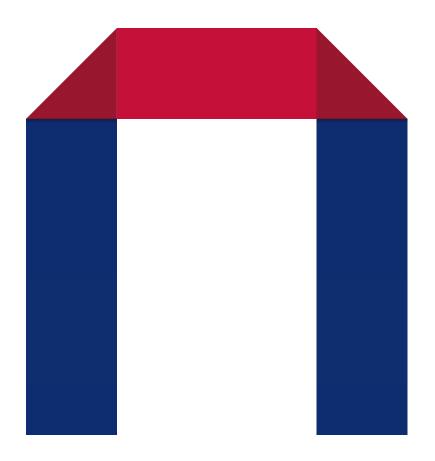






Investment case

At a glance



THE sustainable and digital logistics company

Favourable geographical location with well-connected hinterland network

Well-invested asset base with state-of-the-art technology

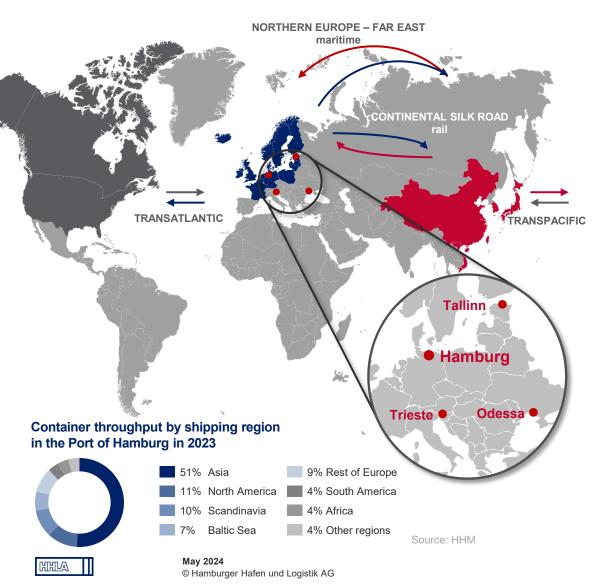
Solid financial foundation with strong cash flows

Balanced Logistics – environmental protection and sustainability approach

Growth and efficiency as guiding principles

Local player well connected to Central Eastern Europe and Asia

Further internationalisation, digitalisation and automation will be main drivers for future growth



Hamburg terminals: good location with further efficiency potential through higher automation level

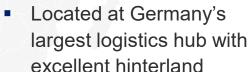
- Favorable geographical location with high cargo share for Hamburg region
- One fully automated container terminal (CTA) that is already certified for carbon neutral throughput operations
- Three fully equipped berths for the latest generation of ULCV's already in operation at the container terminals Burchardkai (CTB) and Tollerort (CTT)
- Implementation of additional automated block storage capacities as well as automated horizontal transport at CTB till 2025
- On-dock railway stations at all facilities able to comply with future 740m block trains

International terminals: positioned to seize growth opportunities

- Expansion of international presence with participation in Tallinn (2018)
 and Trieste (2021) to actively participate new and changing cargo flows
- All terminals have an ideal strategic fit for HHLA's intermodal network
- Container terminal Odessa (CTO): seaborne handling suspended since Russian invasion into Ukraine; hinterland transport still in place
- Continuously increasing contribution to the EBIT target

Our dense rail network connect port terminals within CEE and towards Asia





- Europe's largest railway port with a dense rail network in CEE and the west to the new silk road network
- Traction with cross-border transport solutions
- Offering of carbon-neutral transport modes



Well-invested asset base

Operations with state-of-the-art technology





Container throughput operations & equipment

- State-of-the-art handling at CTA with high level of automation
- 24 new automated storage blocks at CTB already in operation, automated horizontal transport to come by 2025
- Automation comes along with electrification of throughput activities and therefore supports climate-neutral handling and transport from port to hinterland



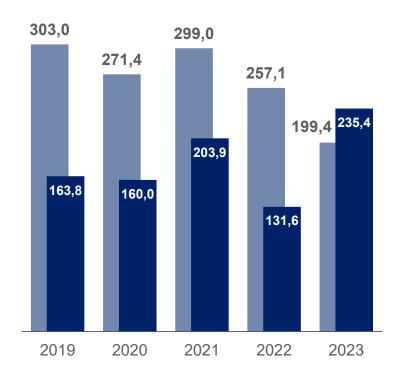


Container transport operations & equipment

- Owing 7 hubs and 13 hinterland terminals
- Almost 3,900 own-designed light-weighted railway wagons with "whispering" braking system
- Overall, 140 locomotives incl. 105 multi-system locomotives deployable in up to seven different electricity grids
- Traction with cross border solutions
- Shunting locomotives with hybrid technology

Investments

in € million

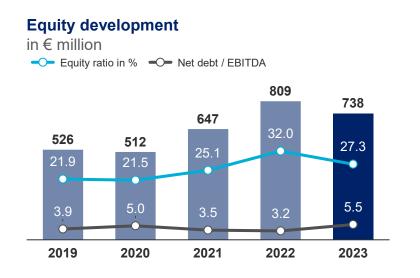


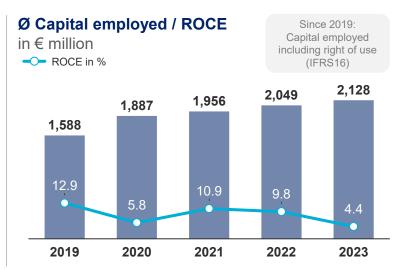
- Operating cash flow
- Investing cash flow (without proceeds for short-term deposits)

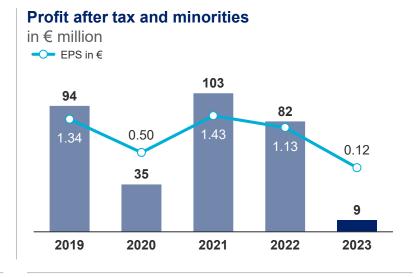


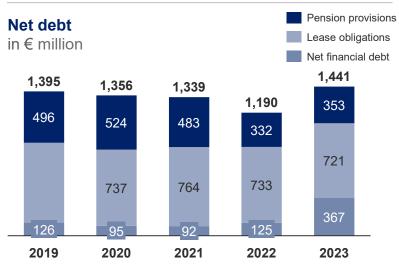
Solid financial track record with strong cash flows

Temporarily higher capex spending to support automation and growth of business requires higher borrowings

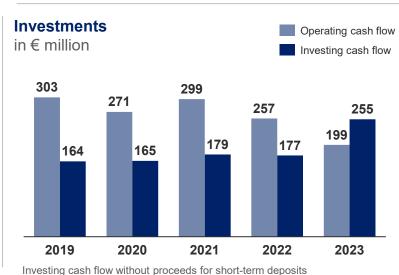


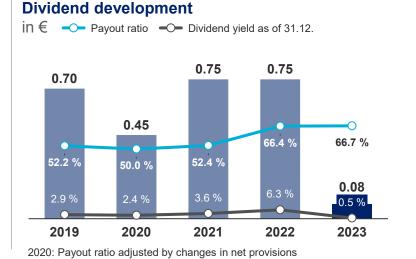






© Hamburger Hafen und Logistik AG





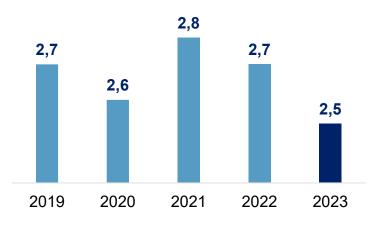
Sustainable management anchored in business model

With HHLA Pure, HHLA offers its clients CO₂ neutral handling and transport

Excellent prerequisites for green infrastructure in the Port of Hamburg

- Europe's largest railway port with around 160 registered rail operators
- Efficient handling of around 200 freight trains per day with more than 5,500 wagons
- 2023: railway transport volume in the Port of Hamburg of 2.5 million TEU

Port railway transport volume in the Port of Hamburg in TEU million



HHLA Pure: Climate-neutral logistics chain





















Process







Product design

- Handling at the container terminals in Hamburg, esp. at CTA, with widely electrified processes
- Transport and collection via Metrans with CO₂ optimised trains and wagons
- Any currently unavoidable CO₂
 emissions are offset through certified
 development projects with the highest
 international standard (Gold)
- Confirmation of climate-neutral transports for customers

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- Certification of HHLA Pure by TÜV Nord
- Receiving customerspecific transport (volume / route)
- Offsetting and monitoring by TÜV Nord



 Modern hybrid and electric locomotives

Course of action

 Electrification at the port container terminal with electric storage crane system, electric vehicles

High degree of EU taxonomy alignment confirms HHLA's sustainability approach

Effective match of technological and sustainable innovation

Climate-neutral by 2040

Reduction of absolute CO₂e emissions by 2023 (against base year 2018)

38.1%

HHLA intends to have cut its total CO₂e emissions at least in half by 2030 against 2018, and be climate-neutral by 2040

Conversion of AGV fleet to electricity at CTA

100%

Full conversion of AGV fleet at CTA as well as the recharging infrastructure to electric drives was completed in 2023 and will lead to savings of approx. 5 million liters diesel annually

EU taxonomy

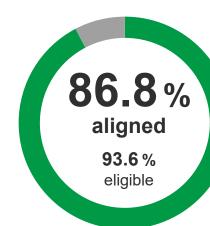
HHLA's Group-wide activities substantially contributing to climate change mitigation as per EU taxonomy. Eligible activities are:

- 4.1 Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology
- 6.2 Freight rail transport
- 6.6 Freight transport services by road
- 6.14 Infrastructure for rail transport
- 6.16 Infrastructure enabling low-carbon water transport
- 7.7 Acquisition and ownership of buildings





CapEx



OpEx



Committed to transparency and engaged in dialogue with stakeholders

Sustainability recognition

High standards for high transparency

- HHLA's commitment to sustainability is binding, transparent, measurable and comparable
- HHLA supports the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) adopted by the UN
- HHLA applies the Global Reporting Initiative framework on sustainability reporting
- First maritime company to issue a declaration of compliance with the German Sustainability Code (DNK)
- HHLA has reported on its carbon footprint regularly since 2008 as part of the international Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP)
- All major operating companies certified according to DIN 50001 (energy management)

Recognition for sustainable activities

HHLA is a finalist for the German Sustainability Award 2023

	Scale (high to low)	
MSCI	AAA to CCC	Α
ISS ESG ⊳	A+ to D-	C-
S&P Global Ratings	100 to 0	On the list, but not yet finally assessed
CDP	A to D-	B Climate Change
SUSTAINALYTICS	0 to 100	59 Average performer

Non-financial-reporting





Economic weakness and supply chain disruptions affect HHLA's start to the year

Guidance for 2024 confirmed



Market environment

- Continuing war in Ukraine, escalating violence in the Middle East and geopolitical tensions, coupled with comparatively high inflation and interest rates, continued to dampen economic recovery
- Military conflict in the Red Sea led to significant ship delays and cancellations in European ports which also affected hinterland transportation



Major events

- Hamburg terminals: AGV testing area implemented at CTB
- Metrans acquires remaining 49 % of shares of Adria Rail
- HHLA strengthens its intermodal activities by acquiring 51 % of Austrian intermodal service provider Roland Spedition GmbH
- First fully automated drone delivery service in Germany launched by HHLA Sky



Financial performance

- Container throughput up by 3.3 %; container transport down by 5.5 %
- Revenue almost flat; aided by increased throughput volumes and temporary higher storage fees
- EBIT decreased strongly; previous year impacted by positive one-off effect

Port Logistics subgroup

1 – 3 | 2024

Throughput

1,464 k TEU

3.3 %

Transport

386 k TEU

- 5.5 %

Revenue

€ 354.9 m

- 0.0 %

EBIT

€ 13.7 m

- 25.6 %

EBIT margin

3.9 %

-1.3 pp

Profit after tax and minorities

€ – 3.4 m neg.

ROCE

2.5 %

- 1.0 pp

Operating cash flow

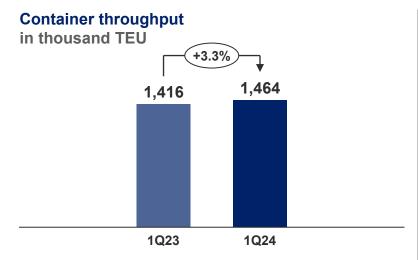
€ 24.5 m

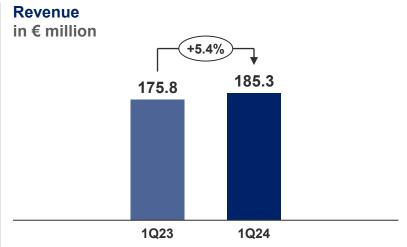
- 65.8 %

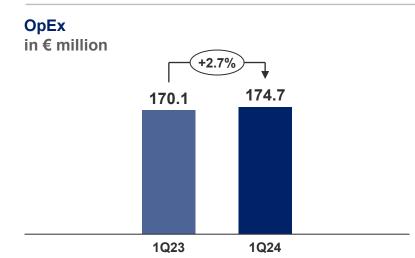
EBIT trend supported by rise in volumes and temporary higher storage fees

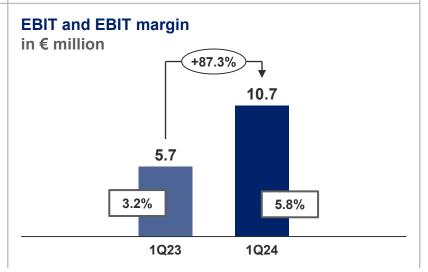


Supply chain disruptions lead to temporary increase in container dwell times at Hamburg terminals







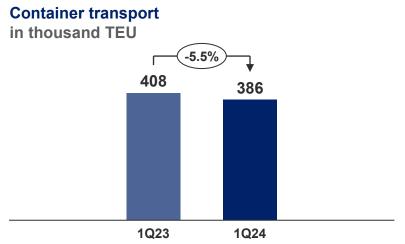


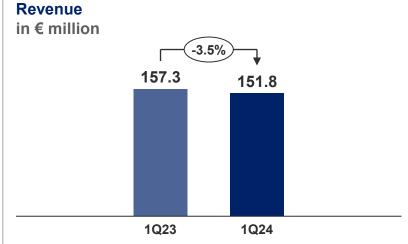
- Overall container throughput recovery driven by
 - Hamburg volumes up by 2.9 %; mainly driven by volume increase in South, Central and North America; Far East shipping region continues to decline
 - feeder ratio slightly up at 18.8 % (previous year: 18.1 %) due to increased volumes from / to Sweden, Poland and Lithuania
 - internationals up 12.7 % due to strong growth at multi-function terminal in Tallinn, Estonia
- Revenue driven by volumes and temporary higher storage fees
- OpEx increase of 2.7 % mainly attributable to
 - rise in personnel expenses and energy costs due to increase in volumes
 - reduction of expenses for external maintenance services, consulting and insurance
 - previous year positively impacted by reversal of liabilities for ship delays
- EBIT almost doubled year-on-year

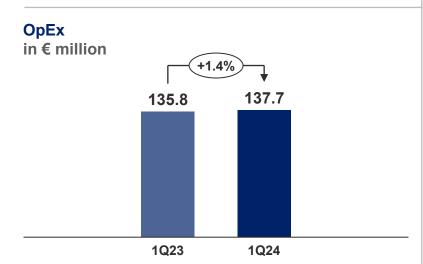
Operational performance mainly burdened by lower transport volumes

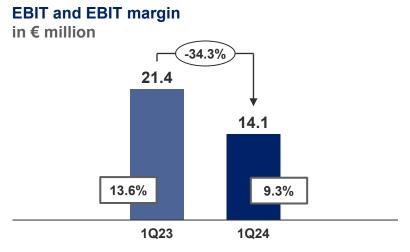


Hinterland transport also affected by ship delays and cancellations due to military conflict in the Red Sea







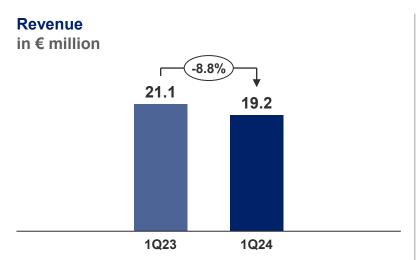


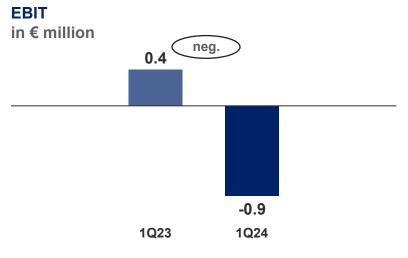
- Transport volumes declined by 5.5 %
 - rail transport fell by 3.2 % to 329 k TEU;
 particularly due to Polish traffic and Adriatic seaports
 - road transport down 16.8 % to 56 k TEU
- Revenue decrease of 3.5 % less pronounced than volume decline, due to
 - price adjustments in line with increased energy costs
 - higher share of rail transport
- EBIT decreased against the background of lower transport volumes and increased operating expenses, e.g. higher wages and the expansion of rail operations business

Top and bottom declined despite strong growth in leasing activities

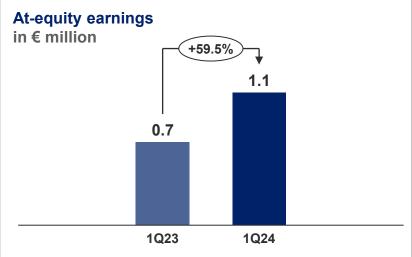
Handling of bulk goods pushed at equity earnings







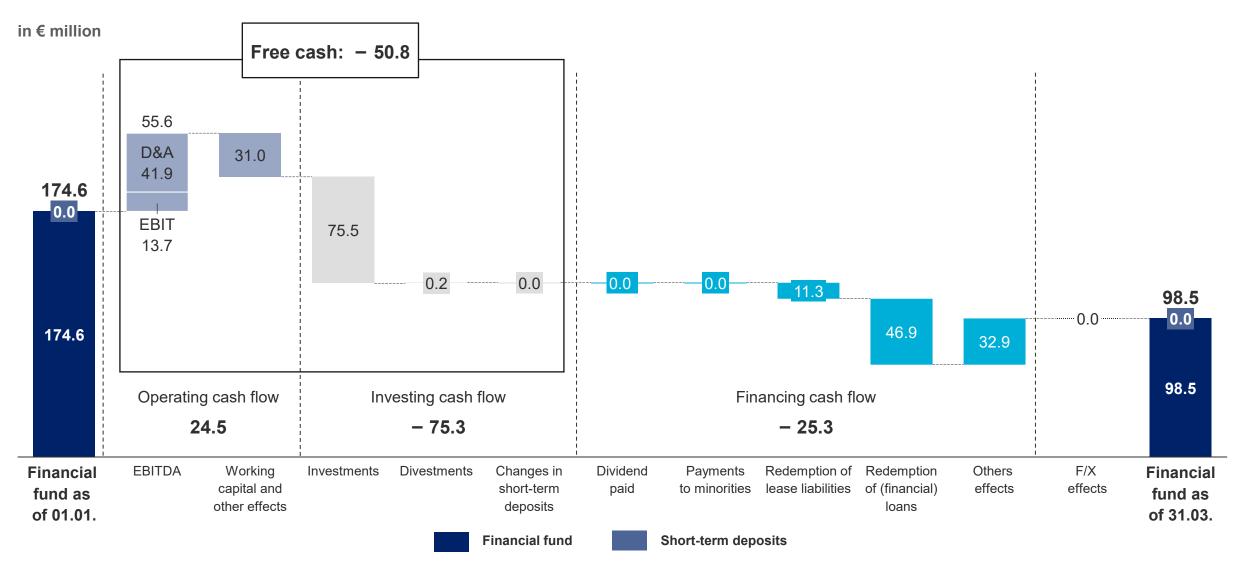




- Significant decrease in revenue from consolidated companies mainly due to decline in vehicle logistics
- Revenue declined by 8.8 % despite strong growth of leasing activities for the intermodal sector
- EBIT turned negative at € 0.9 m
 - positive earnings contribution from leasing activities for the intermodal sector
 - vehicle logistics recorded a sharp decline compared to exceptionally profitable previous year
- Upswing in at-equity earnings mainly driven by bulk handling

Capex according to plan led to negative free cash flow in 1-3 / 2024

Focus on expanding own transport capacities for Intermodal business and efficiency at HH container terminals



Guidance 2024 confirmed

Research estimates for 2024 **GDP** development **Throughput development** World + 3.2 % World + 2.5 % + 4.6 % China China + 0.8 % Russia + 3.2 % + 3.3 % Europe CEE + 3.1 % + 3.1 % NW Europe World trade + 3.0 % Scan. & Baltics + 0.9 %

Constraints of guidance 2024

The forecast is subject to a high degree of uncertainty due to the uncertain development of geopolitical tensions at the time of reporting, the ongoing war in Ukraine and the effects of the announced reorganisation of the shipowners' consortium structures.

Sources: IMF, 04/2024; Drewry Maritime Research, 03/2024

Guidance for the Port Logistic	s subgroup 2024	
	2023	Guidance for 2024
Container throughput	5,917 k TEU	significant increase
Container transport	1,602 k TEU	moderate increase
Revenue	€ 1,408.9 m	moderate increase (significant increase in Container segment, moderate increase in the Intermodal segment)
EBIT	€ 92.9 m	in the range of € 70 to 100 million (strong decrease in Container segment, strong increase in the Intermodal segment)
Capital expenditure	€ 292.8 m	in the range of € 360 to 410 million*
Liquidity	€ 174.6 m	sufficient to meet payment obligations at all times
Dividend per A class share	€ 0.08	commitment to pay out 50 to 70 % of net profit after minority interests

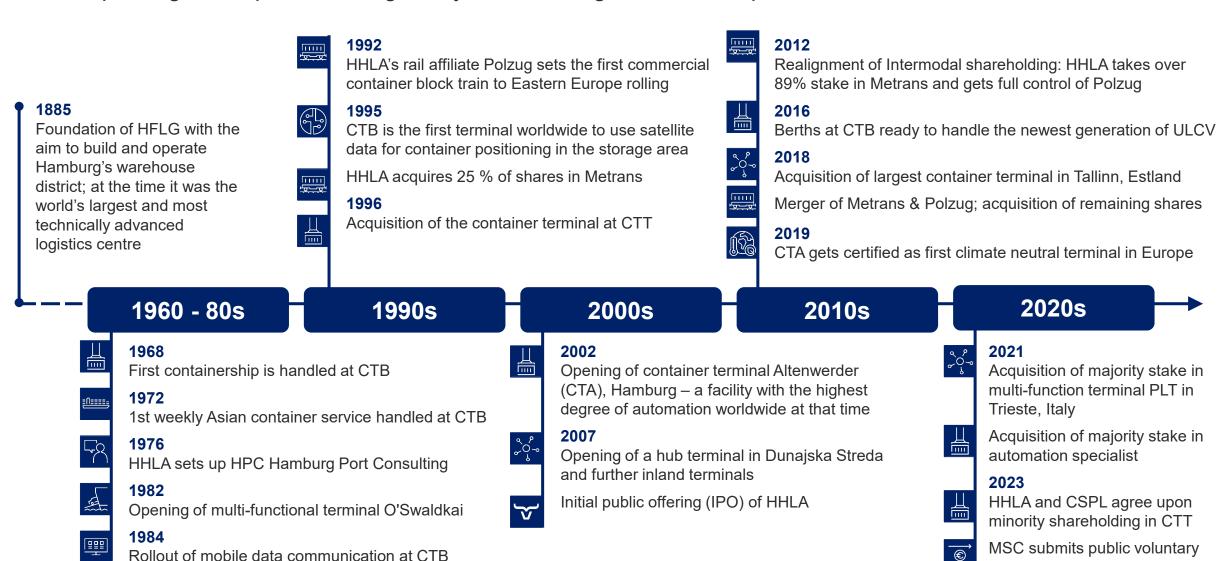




takeover offer for class A shares

HHLA's successful development since more than 135 years

From a port logistics operator to a globally vertical integrated service provider



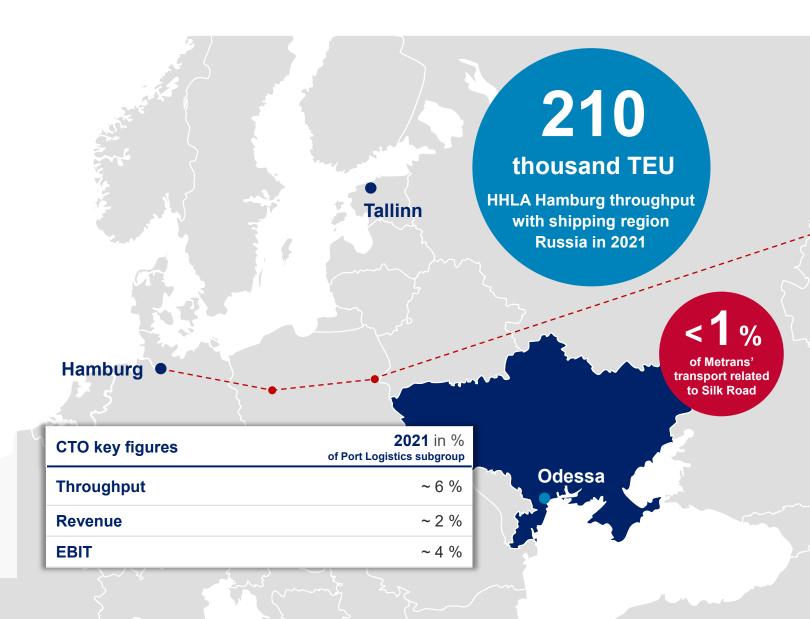
Direct and indirect ramifications of Russia-Ukraine war on HHLA's activities

Container segment

- Container Terminal Odessa (CTO) is the largest and most modern container terminal in Ukraine operated by HHLA since 2001
 - It's closed since Russian invasion of Ukraine
 - insured against political risks via federal guarantees for direct investments abroad which cover a significant portion of the CTO's balance sheet assets (CTO IFRS equity as of 31.12.2021: € 47 million)
- HHLA container throughput in Hamburg is impacted indirectly by EU sanctions as shipping liners limit or cancel their calls on Russian ports

Intermodal segment

- Metrans transport volumes from and to Russia is negligible; no activities in the Ukraine
- Ukrainian Intermodal Company (UIC) is a service provider founded in 2020, which organises block trains and single wagons transports between the Port of Odessa and other cities in Ukraine



Key figures

Port Logistics subgroup

in € million	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenue	1,350.0	1,269.3	1,435.8	1,542.3	1,408.9
EBIT	204.4	110.3	212.6	201.6	92.9
Profit after tax and minorities	93.6	35.3	103.1	82.1	8.7
Earnings per share in €	1.34	0.50	1.43	1.13	0.12
ROCE in %	12.9 %	5.8 %	10.9 %	9.8 %	4.4 %
Free cash flow (excl. proceeds from short term deposits)	139.2	106.4	120.2	80.5	- 56.0
Capex (without Group internal transaction)	214.9	178.7	207.4	180.4	292.8

Balance sheet, assets and liabilities

Port Logistics subgroup

in € million	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Balance sheet total	2,401.4	2,383.3	2,578.6	2,530.3	2,706.4
Non-current assets	1,936.6	1,953.4	2,081.2	2,050.7	2,251.6
Current assets	464.8	429.9	497.4	479.7	454.8
Equity	525.6	512.5	646.6	809.3	738.1
Pension provisions	496.3	523.9	483.0	332.3	353.4
Other non-current liabilities	1,111.8	1,068.0	1,123.1	1,093.7	1,221.8
Current liabilities	267.7	278.9	325.9	295.1	393.1

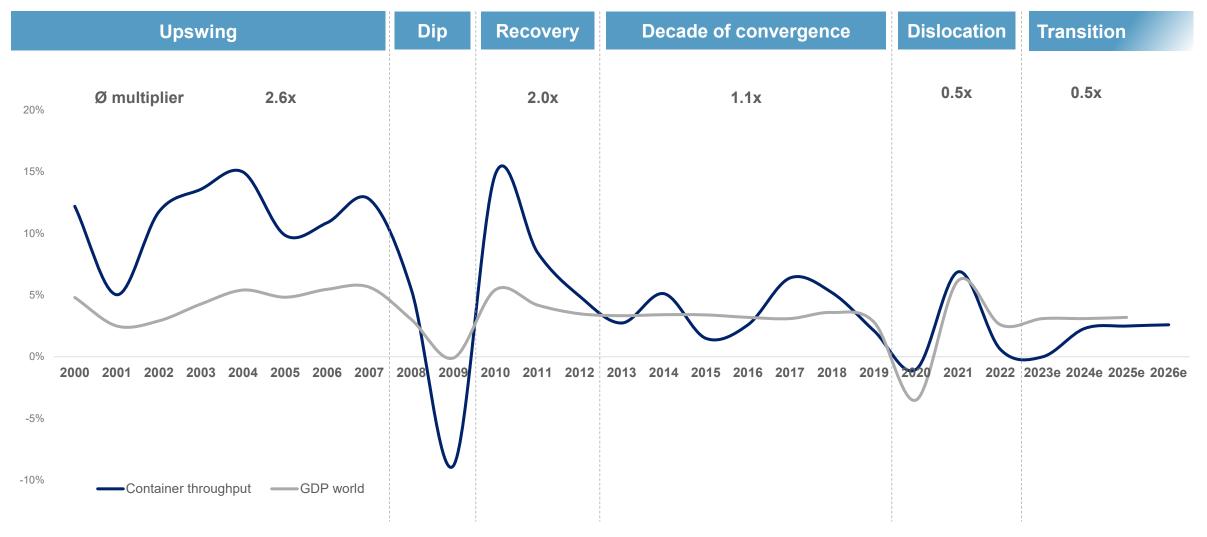
Key figures

Container segment

in € million	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Container throughput in thousand TEU	7,577	6,776	6,943	6,396	5,917
Revenues	799.7	737.5	841.9	864.2	708.8
EBITDA	240.2	160.4	256.7	257.1	146.6
EBITDA margin in %	30.0	21.7	30.5	29.7	20.7
EBIT	141.3	65.4	155.3	157.3	47.2
EBIT margin in %	17.7	8.9	18.4	18.2	6.7
Segment assets	1,295.6	1,282.6	1,381.8	1,355.3	1,495.8

Growth of global container throughput and GDP

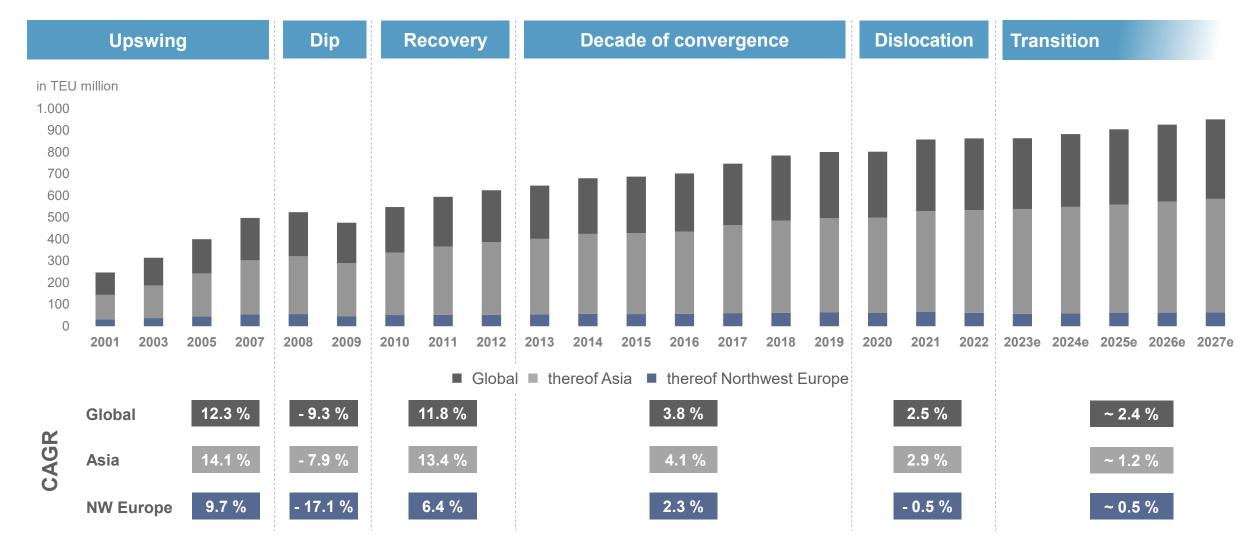
Slowdown of growth multiplier on GDP since 2012





Ports are an investment opportunity in GDP growth

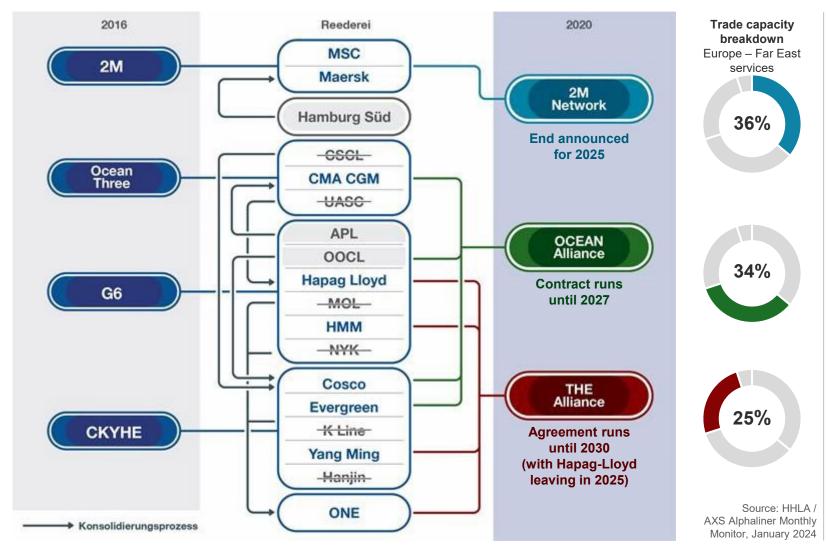
After a decade of convergence continued growth in line with GDP development expected





Development of alliances in the Europe – Far East services

Concentration in the shipping industry substantially increased



Consolidation in the shipping industry

- Since 2017, major shipping line alliances have dominated the market
- 2M announced in 01/2023 that the partnership would end in 2025
- Maersk and Hapag-Lloyd announced in 01/2024 that they are entering into a longterm operational collaboration called "Gemini Cooperation", which will start in February 2025
- OCEAN Alliance contract runs until 2027

Implications

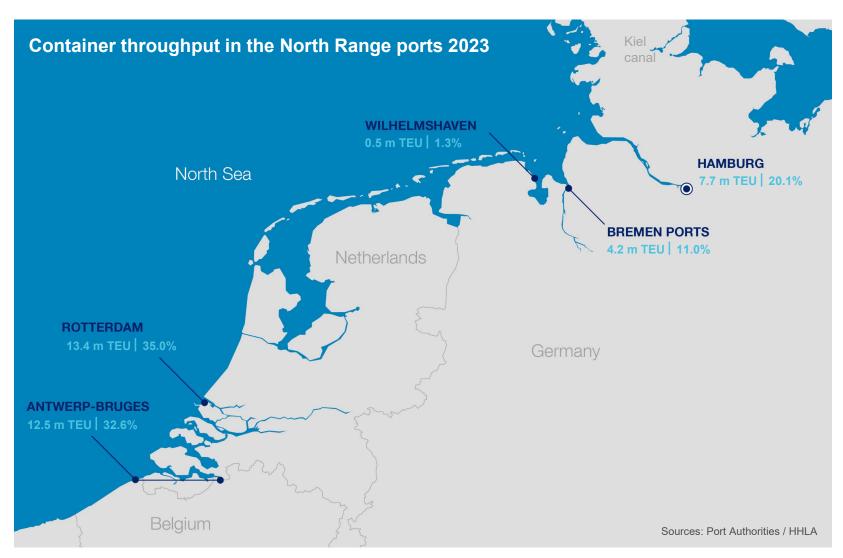
- Re-shaping of alliances and cooperation to improve load factor and slot costs
- Consolidation process in the shipping industry led to a highly concentrated market; only smaller changes expected

Perspectives

 Deployment of largest vessel sizes and focus on calls at gateway ports (hubs)

Competing ports of the North Range

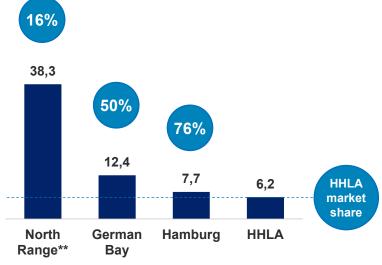
Container throughput and market share development



CAGR of HHLA throughput development



Throughput and market share of HHLA in 2023 in TEU million



North Range ports defined as: Rotterdam, Antwerp, Zeebrugge (since 2018 incl. Amsterdam, since 2022 together as Antwerp-Bruges), Hamburg, Bremen & Bremerhaven (Bremen ports), Wilhelmshaven (since 2012)

Design, capacity and ownership structure of the North Range Ports (1/2)

Benelux: Rotterdam / Antwerp-Bruges

Hutchison Ports ECT Delta			
Autom	Automated yard at ~6.5m TEU		
Delta E	Delta East / West		
93.5%	Hutchison Ports ECT		
4.5%	NYK		
2%	Stichting Werknemersaandelen		
Delta N	Delta North		
50%	Hutchison Ports ECT		
50%	TIL (MSC)		

Hutchison Ports Delta II			
Conventional yard at ~3.3m TEU			
100%	Hutchison Ports ECT		

Sources: Drewry Global Container Terminal Operators; July 2023

ECT Euromax		
Automated yard at ~3.2m TEU		
45%	Hutchison Ports ECT	
20%	Evergreen	
17.5%	Navigator Invest Co.	
17.5%	COSCO Group	

APM Terminals Maasvlakte II		
Automated yard at ~2.7m TEU ¹		
100%	APM Terminals (Maersk)	

Rotterdam World Gateway	
Automated yard at ~2.4m TEU ¹	
30%	DP World
50%	Terminal Link (CMA CGM)
20%	ННМ
20%	Hyundai

MSC PSA European Terminal		
Conventional yard at ~9.0m TEU		
50%	PSA	
50%	TIL (MSC)	

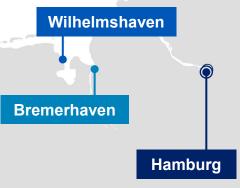
Antwerp Gateway	
Automated yard at ~2.8m TEU ¹	
60%	DP World
20%	COSCO SHIPPING Ports
10%	Terminal Link (CMA CGM)
10%	Duisport

Noordzee Terminal	
Conventional yard at ~3.0m TEU	
100%	PSA

Europa Terminal		
Conventional yard at ~1.8m TEU		
100%	PSA	

Conventional yard at ~1.0m TEU¹	
60%	COSCO SHIPPING Ports
20%	Terminal Link (CMA CGM)
10%	Port of Zeebrugge





Rotterdam

Antwerp-Bruges

1 Company data

Hamburg

Design, capacity and ownership structure of the North Range Ports (2/2)

German Bight: Hamburg / Bremerhaven / Wilhelmshaven

HHLA CT Altenwerder (CTA)	
Automated yard at ~2.3m TEU ¹	
74.9%	HHLA
25.1%	Hapag-Lloyd

North Sea Terminal Bremerhaven	
Conventional yard at ~3.7m TEU	
50%	Eurogate
50%	APM Terminals (Maersk)

Conventional yard at ~1.4m TEU	
Eurogate	
Hapag-Lloyd	

Wilhelmshaven

Bremerhaven

HHLA CT Burchardkai (CTB)

Yard in transition at ~3.5m TEU¹

100% HHLA

HHLA CT Tollerort (CTT)		
Conventional yard at ~1.2m TEU ¹		
75.1%	HHLA	
24.9%	COSCO SHIPPING Ports	

Eurogate CT Bremerhaven	
Conventional yard at ~2.0m TEU	
100%	Eurogate

MSC Gate Bremerhaven	
Conventional yard at ~1.5m TEU¹	
50%	Eurogate
50%	TIL (MSC)

Sources: Drewry Global Container Terminal
Operators: July 2023

1 Company data

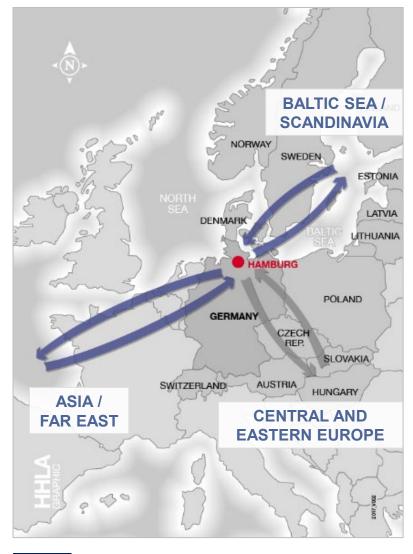
Eurogate CT Hamburg	
Conventional yard at ~4.1m TEU	
100%	Eurogate

Rotterdam

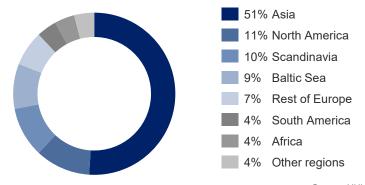
Antwerp-Bruges

Favourable geographical location of Hamburg

Still a hub for the major economies of Asia and CEE



Container throughput by shipping region in the Port of Hamburg in 2023



Source: HHLA

Port of Hamburg: Hub with network

- Germany's largest logistics hub
- Europe's largest railway port with dense rail network to CEE and 50% railway hinterland transport
- Cost advantages for shipping lines due to central location deep inland
- Multi-purpose port with attractive cargo mix
- Well balanced import/export flows

Challenges

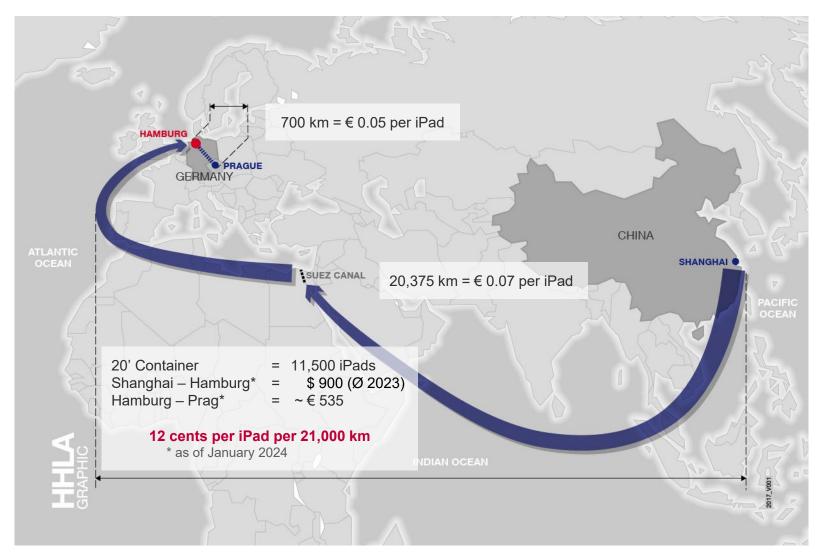
- Underutilized capacities in most North Range ports and formation of alliances leads to increased competition and pricing pressure between terminal operators
- Increasing number of mega carriers demands more efficiency and operational flexibility as well as investments
- EU sanctions against Russia limits feeder volume

Potential

- Elbe dredging already completed and fully approved (enabling a higher load factor, extended time slots and more flexibility for handling of mega carriers)
- CTT became preferred hub for CSPL
- Ongoing infrastructure projects, i.e. replacement of Köhlbrandbrücke
- Enlargement of turning circle in front of Waltershofer Basin

Far East transport chain

Hamburg's location offers cost benefits compared to other North Range ports



Shanghai <> Hamburg

(one-way: $\sim 20,375 \text{ km}$)

- Approx. 40 % of the costs for about 97 % of total distance
- No differentiation in freight rates between North Range ports

Hamburg <> Prague

(one-way: ~ 700 km)

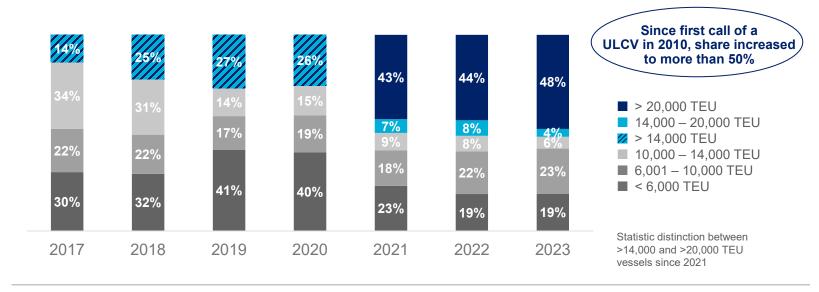
- Approx. 60 % of the costs for about 3 % of total distance
- Clear differentiation between North Range ports

North Range ports defined as:

Rotterdam, Antwerp-Bruges, Hamburg, Bremen ports and Wilhelmshaven

Handling of ultra large container vessels (ULCVs) require extra effort

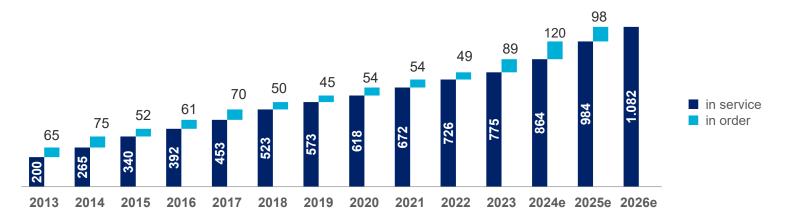
Ongoing growth in ship sizes



Implications

- Nautical restrictions (solved in 2021) tightened by increasing number of mega carriers due to more width and draught
- Peak load conditions due to narrower time windows requires higher degree of automation
- Capex requirements (suitable quay walls, gantry cranes etc.)

ULCV (>10,000 TEU) fleet worldwide and order book until 2025



Source: Alphaliner Monthly Monitor, December 2023

Counteraction

- Enhancing service quality by continuous investment in technology and efficiency
- Proper equipment for ULCV's (quay walls, gantry cranes etc.)
- Optimising vessel calls within the port
- Raising attractiveness of HHLA terminals by expanding hinterland network

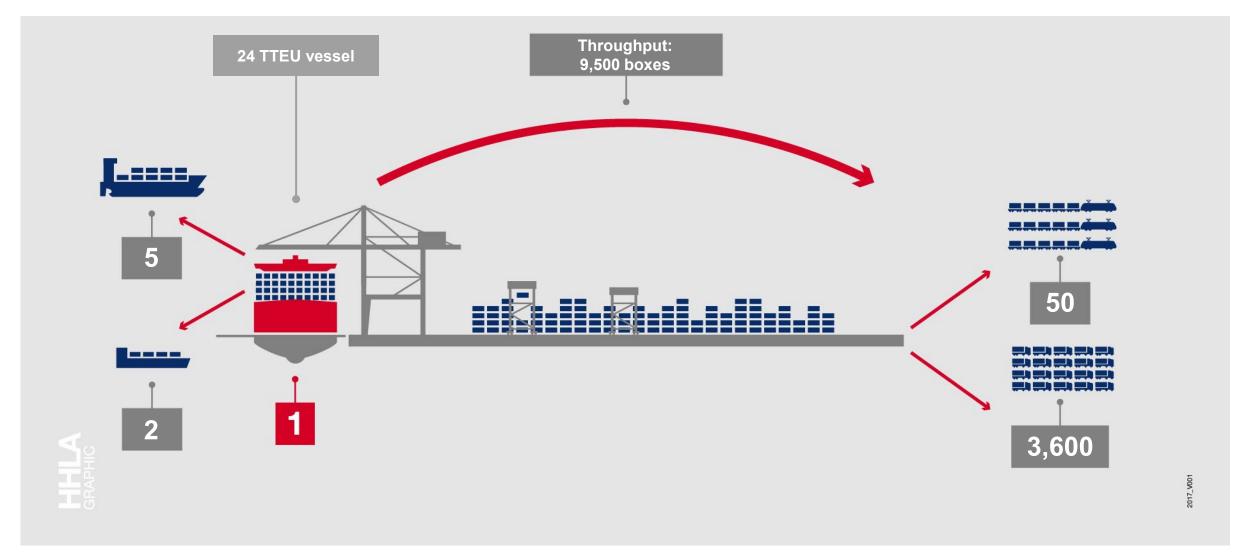
Ship size development

Mega carriers of > 24 thousand TEU have become standard on the Asia-North Europe route

		TEU tdw	LOA m	Breath m	Draft	Containers rows across
HMM Algeciras 2020	P	24.000 TEU 233.000	400	61,0	16,5	24
CMA CGM Jacques Saade	P LNG	23.100 TEU 217.000	400	61,3	16,0	24
OOCL Hong Kong 2017		21.100 TEU 200.000	400	58,8	16,0	23
Maersk McKinney Møller 2013		18.270 TEU 200.000	400	59,0	16,0	23
CMA CGM Marco Polo 2012		16.020 TEU 180.000	395	53,6	16,0	21
Emma Maersk 2006	P. C.	15.550 TEU 175.000	397	56,4	16,0	22
Gudrun Maersk 2005	R	9.500 TEU 115.700	367	42,8	15,0	17
Sovereign Maersk 1997	R	8.160 TEU 105.000	347	42,8	14,5	17
NYK Altair 1994	R	4.953 TEU 63.000	300	37,1	13,0	15

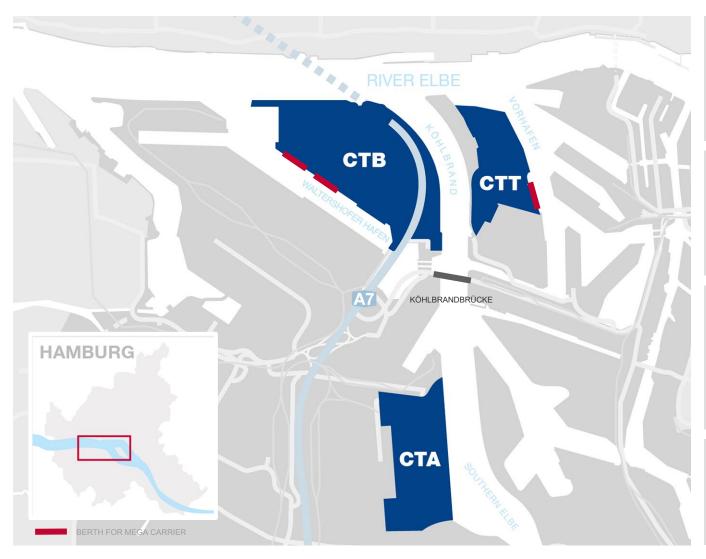
Mega carriers led to challenging peak load conditions

Example for the impact of a 24 TTEU vessel on all modes of transport and the block storage system



Investments in terminal efficiency and process optimisation continued

Three fully equipped berths for handling of ULCV's in operations



Organisation

- Centralisation of planning and administration functions
- Set-up container operations with partly flexible allocation of workforce across terminals and integrated steering model
- Bundling of technical services including maintenance & repair

Automation

- Automation of horizontal transport and extension of storage crane systems at CTB
- Remote control / automation of railroad crane at CTA
- Automation of ship-to-shore cranes at CTA

Process optimisation and digitalisation

- Standardization and digitalisation in administrative and control functions enabled through N4
- New truck and train operations to enhance handling efficiencies
- Al-supported yard optimisation by forecasting dwell times and final destinations of containers

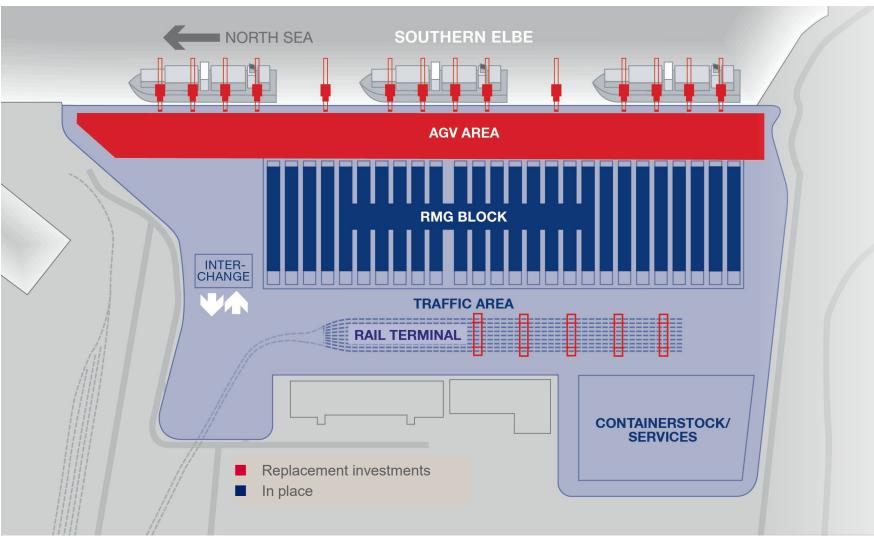
Cost optimisation

- Peak shaving to reduce energy costs
- Cross-terminal asset management
- Optimisation of internal and external services



HHLA Container Terminal Altenwerder

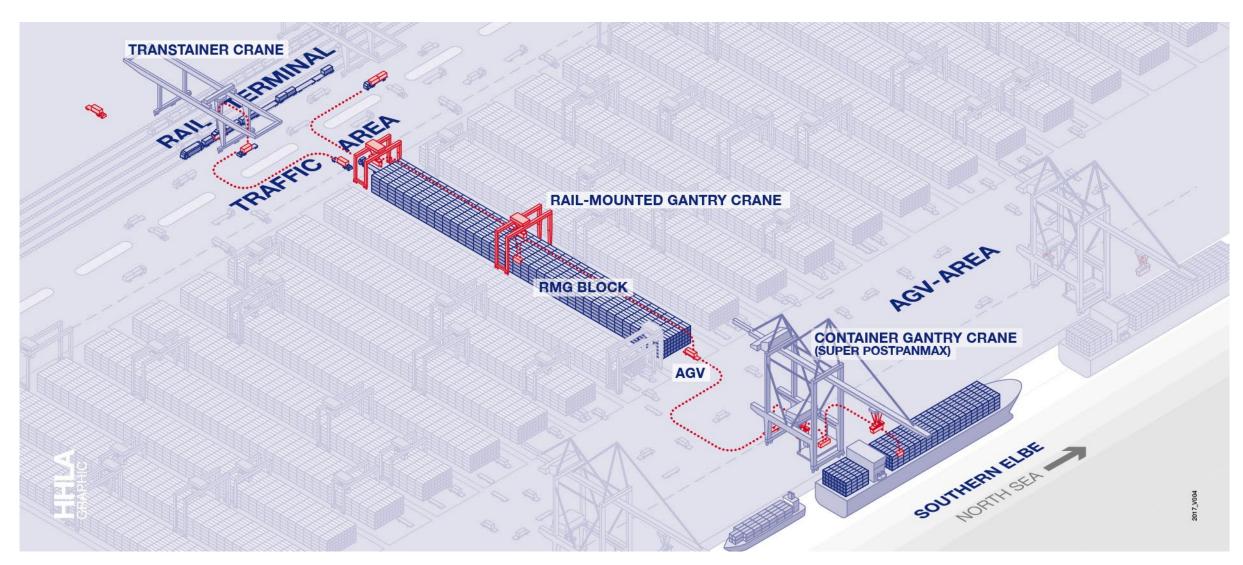
CTA Terminal Layout by 2025



- First fully automated terminal in the world; in operation since 2002
- Asset largely depreciated –
 € 125m replacement investments necessary by 2025
- Additional investments of
 € 19m by 2025
- Light capacity increase from 2.3m TEU today to 2.6m TEU in 2025
- Four berths in operation to handle container carriers up to 14 thousand TEU (limited access due height restriction by the Köhlbrand bridge)

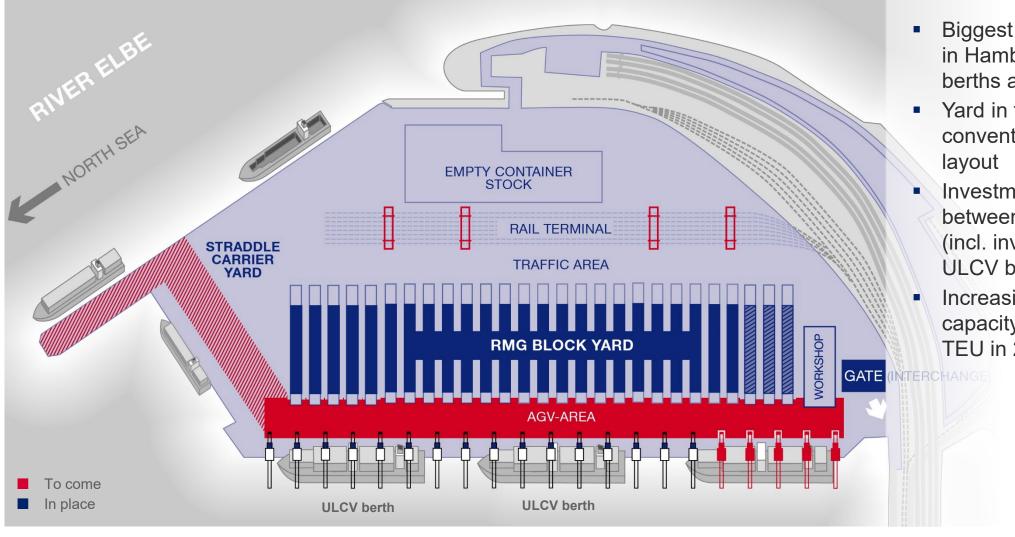
State-of-the-art container handling at CTA

Maximum efficiency by high degree of automation and compact layout



HHLA Container Terminal Burchardkai

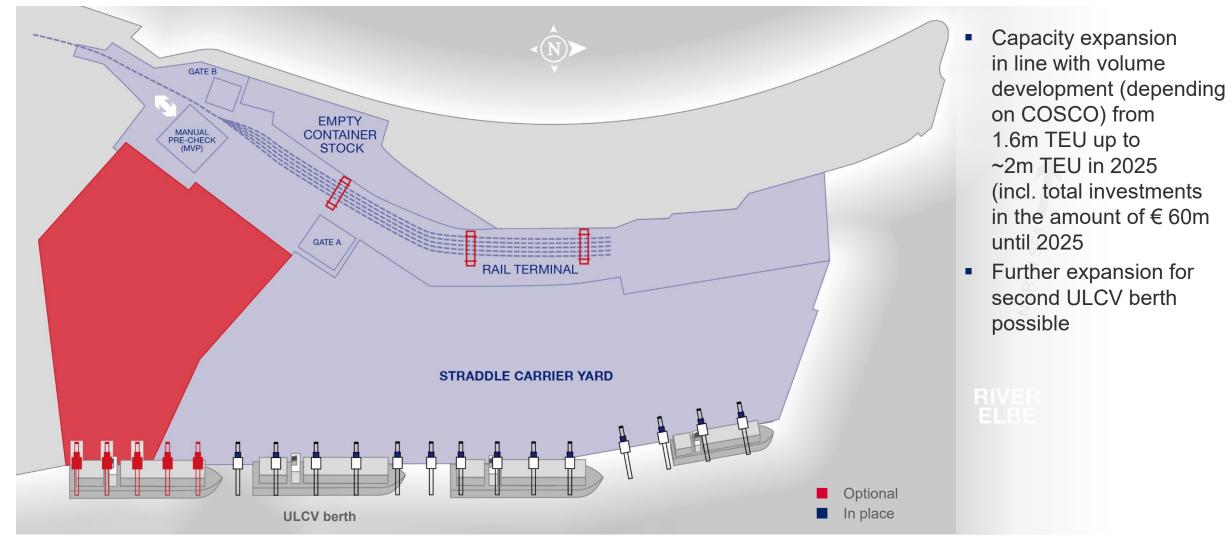
CTB Terminal Layout by 2025



- Biggest container terminal in Hamburg with two ULVC berths already in operation
- Yard in transition from conventional to automated layout
- Investments of € 385 m between 2022 and 2025 (incl. investments in third ULCV berth)
- Increasing the 2.9 m TEU capacity today to 4.1 m
 TEU in 2025

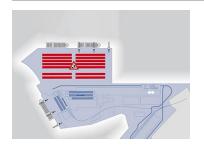
HHLA Container Terminal Tollerort

CTT Terminal Layout by 2025 ff.



International container terminals

Port Logistics subgroup with international presence



Container terminal Odessa (CTO) operated by UIC, Odessa / Ukraine

- Largest and most modern container terminal in Ukraine
- Multipurpose terminal for containers and also bulk, general and project cargo
- Seaside handling was suspended with the start of the war in February 2022
- Significant part of the investments of € 170 million already been amortised by 2020
- Balance sheet equity of € 44 million



Length of quay wall

Potential capacity

1.2m TEU

970 m



Terminal Muuga operated by HHLA TK Estonia, Muuga (close to Tallinn) / Estonia

- Market leader in Estonia
- Multipurpose terminal for break bulk, bulk and RoRo handling
- Geographic position links the Northern European market with the New Silk Road
- Location is developing into a multimodal hub as a result of regional infrastructural projects (such as the Rail Baltica project)

Since	Current capacity	Potential capacity		
2018	300k TEU	800k TEU		
Stake	Area	Length of quay wall		

Length of quay wall

~ 35 ha 100%

950 m



Piattaforma Logistica Trieste (PLT), Trieste / Italy

- Favourable geographic location as the most northern port in the Mediterranean to serve CEE as southern gateway
- Multipurpose terminal: Northern part is already handling general cargo transports, southern part is developed to handle container and RoRo cargo
- At the end of July 2023, PLT signed a purchase and assignment agreement (with conditions precedent) to acquire shares in Logistica Giuliana, a terminal operator that holds the concession for an adjacent area to allow for terminal expansion

Since Ramp up 2021

Current capacity

Potential capacity **300k TEU**

Stake

50.01%

Area

~ 28 ha

Key figures

Intermodal segment

in € million	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Container transport in thousand TEU	1,565	1,536	1,690	1,694	1,602
Revenues	486.9	476.8	519.4	595.4	620.5
EBITDA	139.0	131.8	151.1	143.9	124.8
EBITDA margin in %	28.6	27.7	29.1	24.2	20.1
EBIT	99.2	88.3	104.3	95.3	72.9
EBIT margin in %	20.4	18.5	20.1	16.0	11.7
Segment assets	585.1	614.5	671.7	741.2	679.3

Strong position in Central and Eastern Europe

Markets and competitors

Germany

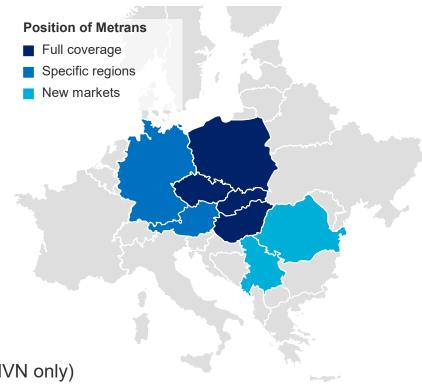
- Very competitive market
- High share of trucks
- Metrans serves specific regions (Munich, Nuremberg, Leipzig, Berlin)

Austria

- Very competitive market
- Metrans serves specific regions (Salzburg, Upper Austria, Lower Austria)

Poland

- Very competitive market
- High share of trucks
- Metrans covers whole country (focus HH, BHVN only)



Czech Republic

 Strong position of Metrans, serving whole country

Slovakia

 Strong position of Metrans, serving whole country

Hungary

 Strong position of Metrans, serving whole country

New markets

Romania, Serbia

































EBIT multiplied several times since realignment

Strategic decision to invest in own assets is a prerequisite to boost utilisation and efficiency

CAGR 2007* – 2023

4.2%

CAGR

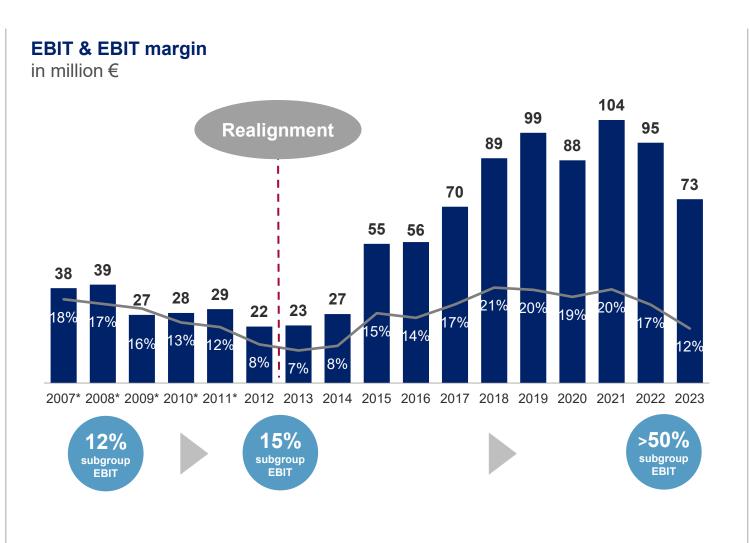
2012 – 2023

12.3%

CAGR

2017 - 2023

0.7%



- Since realignment, the operating result (EBIT) multiplied compared to prior years and significantly outperformed volume and revenue growth
- Strategic decision to invest in own assets is a prerequisite to boost utilization and efficiency

Outlook 2024

Transport volume moderate increase

(2023: 1.6 million TEU)

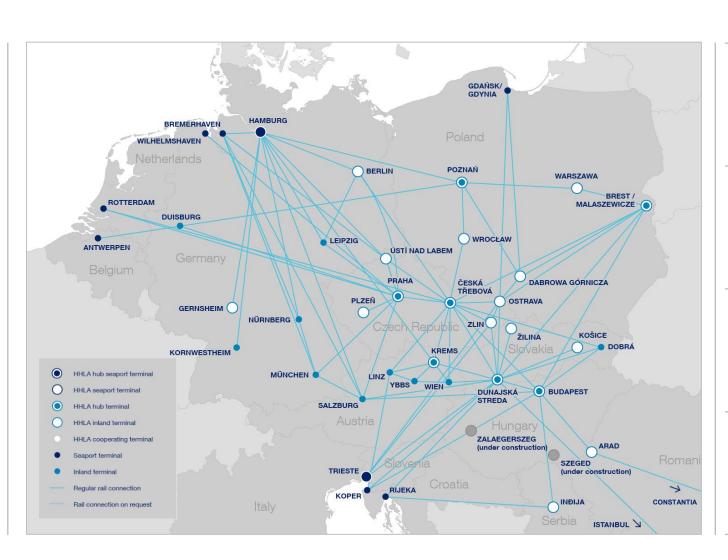
* 2007-2011 pro forma: applying the ownership structure end of 2018



We have established more than 650 regular train connections per week

General overview of the Metrans network

From / to			trains per week
Hamburg	\leftrightarrow	Praha	54
Hamburg	\leftrightarrow	Ceska Trebova	32
Hamburg	\leftrightarrow	Dunajska Streda	14
Bremerhaven	\leftrightarrow	Praha	13
Bremerhaven	\leftrightarrow	Ceska Trebova	12
Bremerhaven	\leftrightarrow	Dunajska Streda	6
Rotterdam	\leftrightarrow	Praha	10
Duisburg	\leftrightarrow	Praha	6
Koper	\leftrightarrow	Dunajska Streda	35
Koper	\leftrightarrow	Budapest	28
Praha	\leftrightarrow	Ceska Trebova	28
Praha	\leftrightarrow	Salzburg	10
Praha	\leftrightarrow	Leipzig	1
Ceska Trebova	\leftrightarrow	Dunajska Streda	28
Ceska Trebova	\leftrightarrow	Kosice	4
Ceska Trebova	\leftrightarrow	Zlin	14
Ceska Trebova	\leftrightarrow	Ostrava	12
Ceska Trebova	\leftrightarrow	Krems	4
Ceska Trebova	\leftrightarrow	Linz	6
Dunajska Streda	\leftrightarrow	Kosice	12
Dunajska Streda	\leftrightarrow	Budapest	13
Dunajska Streda	\leftrightarrow	Krems	2
Hamburg	\leftrightarrow	Nürnberg	16
Hamburg	\leftrightarrow	München	16
Hamburg	\leftrightarrow	Leipzig	14
Bremerhaven	\leftrightarrow	Nürnberg	8
Bremerhaven	\leftrightarrow	München	8
Nürnberg	\leftrightarrow	München	8
Hamburg	\leftrightarrow	Berlin	10
Hamburg	\leftrightarrow	Gernsheim	6
Hamburg	\leftrightarrow	Gadki	18



Terminals

20

Train connections per week

>650

Locomotives

~ 140

Wagons

~3,900

The HHLA on-dock rail terminals

CTA CTA

- 9 sidings suitable for trains >700 m
- 4 RMGs (half-automated)
- Upgrading completed







- 10 sidings over 700 m long
- 4 RMGs
- Upgrading underway







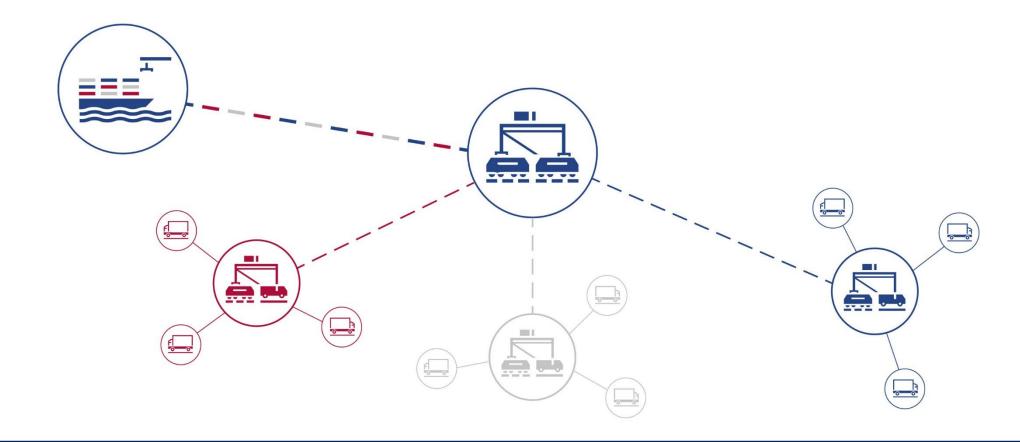
- 5 sidings over 700 m long
- 3 RMGs
- Upgrading according to needs





The hub and shuttle system

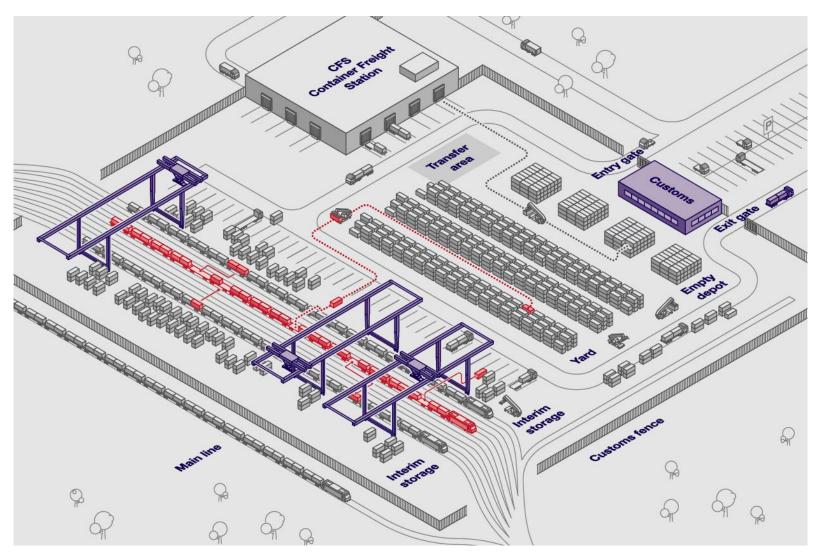
Every port is linked with a network of hubs and inland terminals



System success derives from a transport design that involves hinterland hubs and shuttle trains plus comprehensive monitoring of the transport and logistics chain between the seaport and the hinterland customer

Value drivers: Differentiating know-how and service excellence

Know-how and intelligent terminal layout to the customer's profit



- Innovative design of transport system and terminal layout that is customized on the special needs of container transportation
- Highly efficient terminal layout (e.g. 12 trains can be handled at the same time at the Prague terminal)
- CEE terminals operate 24/7/365
- High level of value-added service like repair services for containers and on-site customs services
- Offices in the ports of Hamburg,
 Bremerhaven, Koper and Istanbul
- Experienced management with entrepreneurial passion and incentive structures
- Engaged and locally well-connected sales force

Value drivers: Equipment

Own wagon design for customized container transportation

- Almost 3,900 own container wagons
- Own design and development of light-weighted wagons with modern "whispering" braking system
- Optimal distribution
 - 92 containers fit on the standard maximum length of 610 m in CEE
 - 108 containers fit on the standard maximum length of 720 m in WE
- Overall weight of the container flat wagon is around 4,000 kilograms resp. approx. 30 % lighter than the conventional equipment in Europe

Own locomotives enhance the production quality and improve cost efficiency

- Operating approx. 140 locomotives, there approx. 75 % track locomotives
- Multi-system locomotives can be deployed in up to seven different electricity grids used all over Europe since it can be operated using both alternating and direct current
- No locomotive changes at each border saves time and costs and ensures a high degree of reliability

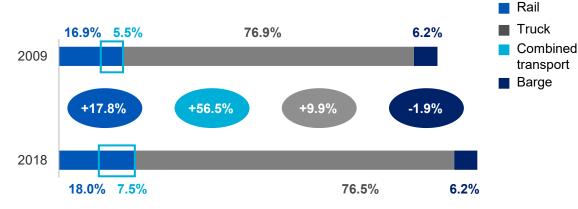
Own shunting locomotives with state-of-the-art technology

- Next innovation driver: shunting locomotives with hybrid technology
- Depending on the assignment, shunting locomotives can run on battery power for between 50-70 % of the time it is in operation
- Reduction of fuel consumption by up to 50 %
- 50 % less CO₂ than conventional shunting locomotives



Combined transport is key driver to achieve significant increase in modal split

Share of intermodal and total rail freight in the overall modal split in million tkm



Source: UIRR / UIC presentation

Estimated change in modal split from 2018 till 2030 Rail in % ■ Truck Barge 18% 75% 7% 2018 2030 ~ +10% 63% 7% 30% Estimated freight volume growth by 2030

Previous and expected combined transport and total rail freight volume growth in billion tkm



Source: UIRR / UIC presentation

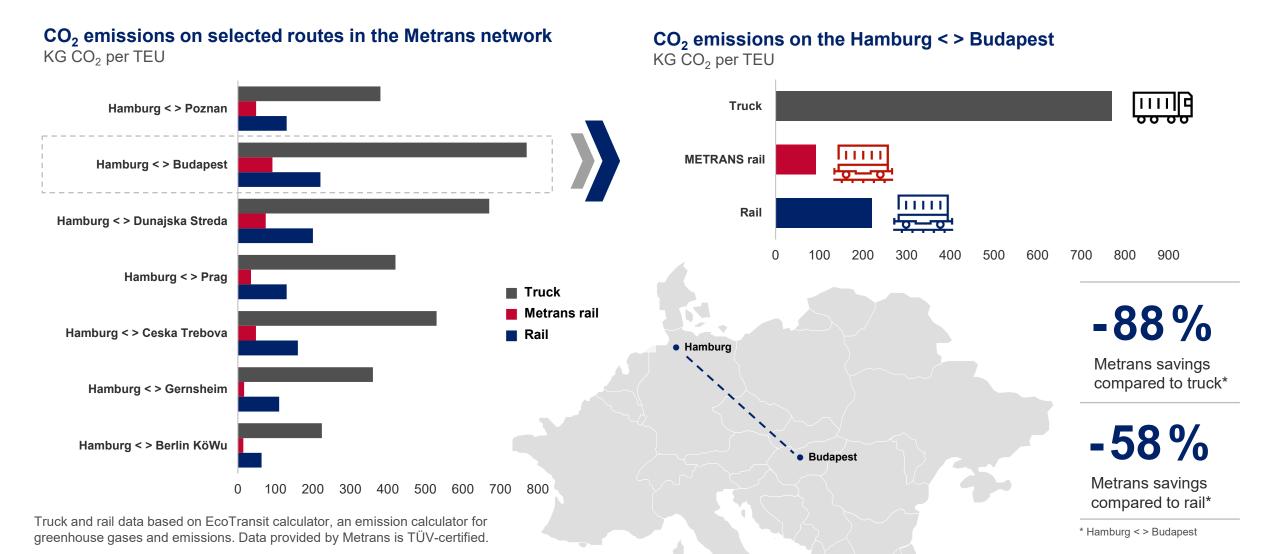
Economic importance of European combined transport

- Market volume of more than € 6 billion
- Important contribution to EU climate change target
- Reduced CO₂ emissions: 5 million tonnes p.a.
- Freight growth driver: +50 % more tonnes within 10 years
- High investments in new technologies and digitalisation

Source: UIRR / UIC presentation

Source: Rail freight forward, European Rail Freight Vision 2030

Network and equipment enable massive savings in CO₂ emissions



Key figures

Logistics segment

in € million	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenues	59.0	51.4	71.3	77.6	78.2
EBITDA	8.5	6.9	9.3	4.9	10.6
EBITDA margin in %	14.3	13.4	13.0	6.4	13.5
EBIT	2.5	- 3.9	- 3.0	- 6.9	0.6
EBIT margin in %	4.3	- 7.5	- 4.2	- 8.8	0.7
At-equity earnings	3.9	3.4	3.9	4.2	4.1
Segment assets	55.8	51.7	67.2	73.3	200.3

Overview of the Logistics segment activities

HHLA continues a tradition leading the way in port innovations

Specialist handling



RoRo

- UNIKAI Lagerei- und Speditionsgesellschaft mbH, Hamburg
- ARS-UNIKAI GmbH, Hamburg at equity



Bulk

 Hansaport Hafenbetriebsgesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung, Hamburg at equity



Fruits

- HHLA Frucht- und Kühl-Zentrum GmbH, Hamburg at equity
- Ulrich Stein Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung, Hamburg at equity

Consulting services



Consulting

- HPC Hamburg Port Consulting GmbH, Hamburg
- Omogo GmbH, Hamburg



Automation technology

■ iSAM AG, Mülheim an der Ruhr

Logistic services



Digital solutions

modility GmbH, Hamburg



Renting & leasing company for the intermodal sector

CERP Solution a.s., Prag



Airborne solutions

- HHLA Sky GmbH, Hamburg
- Spherie GmbH, Hamburg at equity
- Third Element Aviation GmbH, Bielefeld at equity

Examples for new business fields

HHLA continues a tradition leading the way in port innovations



Digital solutions modility

- Corporate spin-off founded in 2020
- HHLA initiated the new booking portal with several partners from the transport and freight-forwarding sector
- Business concept: Booking and brokerage portal to connect intermodal operators' available transport capacities with the transport needs of freight forwarders; focus on combined road/rail transport in Europe
- Benefits: opportunity to gain easy access
 to intermodal transport offers while fostering new customer
 relationships; additionally, Intermodal transport will thus be
 further bolstered as an efficient, environmentally friendly
 transport system



Airborne solutions HHLA Sky

- Founded in 2018
- Business concept: in-house developed industrial drones with a globally first scalable end-to-end drone system that enables drones to be operated safely beyond the visual line of sight (BVLOS)
- Benefits: Variety of assignments from civil and industrial safety at airports and industrial sites, to environmental monitoring and surveying grounds and buildings to collect specific data on behalf of customers or transmit real-time images using extremely powerful cameras

Financial calendar and contact

Financial calendar 2024

21 March 2024 Annual Report 2023

Analyst conference call

15 May 2024

Interim Statement
Analyst conference call

13 June 2024

Annual General Meeting

14 August 2024

Half-year Financial Report Analyst conference call

14 November 2024

Interim Statement
Analyst conference call



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