BALANCED LOGISTICS
The Sustainability Magazine of Hamburger Hafen und Logistik AG

2020
2021
The current coronavirus pandemic has one positive side effect: according to calculations of the Hamburg-based market research institute Statista, global CO2 emissions dropped by seven percent in 2020 compared with the previous year. This corresponds to 2.4 billion tonnes of CO2. As welcome as this reduction is, it will at best slow global warming, but by no means stop it. In fact, there is reason to fear that emissions may suddenly leap again when mobility and the movement of goods are no longer restricted by lockdowns. The fight against the coronavirus pandemic is a significant drain on resources, but this must not be used as an excuse to neglect other global challenges such as climate change. The coronavirus pandemic and climate change have one thing in common: neither crisis respects national borders and can therefore only be overcome if everyone pulls together in a concerted effort.

Hamburger Hafen und Logistik AG (HHLA) has been making an effective contribution towards climate protection for many years. HHLA’s sustainability management strategy is not contingent on crises or the economic situation, but an integral element of our business activities. Our claim to be the “gate-way to the future” is not limited to strengthening our position as one of Europe’s leading logistics companies. For us, shaping the future also means taking a responsible approach and acting sustainably, if for no other reason than that it is in our own interests. After all, the destruction of our environment would also mean the destruction of our business model. In this way, we can create added value for our clients, our employees, our shareholders, our community and our company – while at the same time reducing our environmental footprint. For us, “Balanced Logistics” means finding the right balance between our economic success, good working conditions, our social responsibility, and environmental and climate protection. Each is a prerequisite for the others: we will only have the means and the opportunity to invest in our most important resource, our employees, and meet our responsibilities to society and the environment if we also make good returns.

And as you can read in this sustainability report, we successfully did this again in the 2020 financial year – despite the exceptional conditions. For example, we achieved a further reduction in our CO2 emissions. The Container Terminal Altenwerder (CTA) was once again certified climate-neutral – the first terminal in the world. Our product “HHLA Pure” offers customers a solution for climate-neutral transportation between the Port of Hamburg and the hinterland. We have started replacing diesel-powered vehicles used for container transport at the terminal with battery-powered versions.

We are convinced that the future of HHLA is based not only on technological innovation, but above all on sustainable innovation. This means that we review not only the benefit for our business of every innovation and new technical development, but also the sustainability aspect.

Regardless of the unusual circumstances that we and most companies are experiencing as a result of the coronavirus pandemic, we are upholding our target of achieving largely climate-neutral production by 2040. Similarly, our promise to halve our CO2 emissions by 2030 compared with 2018 still holds. A Statista survey of the sustainability activities of 2,000 major companies ranked HHLA among the top 30 most sustainable companies in Germany. We see this as a confirmation of our “Balanced Logistics” approach’s success. At the same time, this recognition serves as an obligation to maintain the intensity of our efforts. In order to improve further, we also aim to learn from others. We therefore actively engage with environmental associations, organisations and initiatives, and invite them to share their experiences.

Ladies and gentlemen,

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Yours,

Angela Titzrath
Chairwoman of the Executive Board
Balanced Logistics | Key figures

**Sustainability development HHLA 2020 at a glance**

- **9%** lower CO₂ emissions compared to the base year 2018
- **6,2%** lower water consumption
- **1,9%** decrease in intermodal transport volumes
- **16,2%** increase in the use of recycled building materials
- **655,5** millions of euros in added value generated by HHLA
- **482** students went on research trips at HHLA
- **6312** employees at HHLA (increase of 0.3%)
- **93** electric cars make up HHLA’s e-fleet
- **5,3** millions of euros that HHLA invested in education and training
- **23.787** tonness of CO₂ were saved by using renewable energies

The coronavirus pandemic had a major impact on some key figures in 2020.
As a company with a long tradition and a wealth of experience, HHLA is highly engaged with addressing social developments. Sustainability has therefore been anchored deep in our company DNA for a long time. HHLA is committed to being both economically successful as well as socially and ecologically responsible. This ambition has been implemented with "Balanced Logistics", even in the midst of the challenging conditions of 2020.

In implementing its "Balanced Logistics" sustainability strategy, HHLA is strengthening its commitment to bringing together environmental, social and economic responsibility. Each is a prerequisite for the others: Economic success creates the means and opportunities to be able to invest in the needs of our employees and in climate-friendly technologies, as well as to fulfill our commitment to a policy of social and environmental responsibility.

HHLA sees innovation and process efficiency as crucial factors in developing sustainable solutions, being environmentally responsible and operating successfully in line with its self-image as the “gateway to the future”. In order to implement its goals in a systematic way, HHLA has categorised its initiatives into nine different fields of activity and established the relevant guidelines and targets.

Open dialogue is essential for reconciling different stakeholder interests and developing a mutual understanding. Sustainable growth in logistics requires inspiration and constructive contributions from many different sides.

HHLA implemented its sustainability strategy consistently, even with the specific challenges posed by the coronavirus pandemic, and it is aiming to become climate-neutral by 2040.

For example, the infrastructure for automated, battery-powered guided vehicles (AGVs) at the CTA has been further expanded. A total of six new green electricity charging points now supply the AGV fleet. The proportion of AGVs powered by lithium-ion batteries was also increased from 50 percent to 65 percent this year. By the end of 2022, all 100 vehicles in the fleet will have been switched over to climate-friendly drive systems.

In September 2015, the United Nations passed Agenda 2030. This formulated 17 goals for sustainable global development which will shape economic development while taking into account social justice and the earth’s environmental limits. Within the framework of its sustainability strategy, HHLA supports all goals that correspond to its social activities. These include in particular quality education (SDG 4), affordable and clean energy (SDG 7), decent work and economic growth (SDG 8), industry, innovation and infrastructure (SDG 9) and climate action (SDG 13).
Mr Groiss, you are the Business Development Manager at HHLA subsidiary METRANS, the market leader for container transport in seaport-hinterland traffic in Central, Eastern and Southern Europe. What have been the most important developments that you have seen at HHLA’s rail subsidiary in the past few years?

As Business Development Manager, I am responsible for the continued development of the METRANS business model. In addition to many other exciting projects, I have been particularly involved in the development and introduction of HHLA Pure, which facilitates climate-neutral container transport.

What aim is HHLA subsidiary METRANS pursuing with HHLA Pure?

METRANS’ core mission is the transport of containers from seaport to hinterland and vice versa. METRANS thereby shifts container transport from road to rail, making a significant contribution to climate protection in the process. We want to use HHLA Pure as leverage to make a positive impact on the climate and reduce transport-related CO₂ emissions.

HHLA Pure is reviewed annually by TÜV Nord, which certifies the climate neutrality of our container transport.

How does HHLA Pure work exactly, and what makes it so climate-friendly?

METRANS already uses energy-efficient electric trains and CO₂-optimised lightweight flat wagons, which can transport more containers on trains of the same length. This reduces energy consumption. Noise emissions have also been minimised thanks to low-noise disc brakes.

All unavoidable CO₂ emissions are offset through HHLA Pure with so-called emissions reduction certificates. In its offsetting activities, HHLA supports climate-friendly projects that are certified according to the Gold Standard, the highest standard of Voluntary Emission Reduction: these include wind farms in India, low-friction anti-fouling paint for ship hulls and reforestation of rainforests in Panama.

How has the service been received by your customers?

We started with a pilot phase which allowed us to win over two important logistics players, forwarding companies cargo-partner and the Weets Group. Other logistics service providers have since discovered HHLA Pure for themselves and integrated it into their sustainability strategies as part of their efforts to create environmentally friendly transport chains.

We provide HHLA Pure customers with certification that verifies the climate neutrality of our transport and the offset CO₂ emissions. This enables our customers to attest to their commitment to climate protection.

Is climate-neutral container transport available throughout the entire METRANS rail network?

No, but across most of the METRANS network. HHLA Pure is currently available on all connections to and from Hamburg, Bremerhaven and Koper, and we will integrate more links in the near term. We also intend to offer HGV pre- and on-carriage through HHLA Pure in the very near future. This will enable our customers to offer carbon-neutral transport even over the last mile.

Environmentally friendly logistics chains

Rail transport is considered the most environmentally advantageous mode of transport on land. By linking environmentally friendly modes of transport in Hamburg with Central, Eastern and Southern Europe, HHLA is making an important contribution towards sustainability and environmental protection. Connecting ocean-going vessels and rail requires nothing less than exemplary multimodal transport chains. These transport chains save energy while causing comparatively less noise and fewer accidents. Hamburg’s location deep inland is another advantage; the river Elbe is an environmentally friendly transport route.

We create climate- and environmentally friendly logistics chains. In doing so, HHLA contributes towards achieving the following SDGs:

- Energy and Industry
- Climate Action
HHLA Pure strengthens sustainability of the logistics industry

Logistics companies integrate HHLA Pure into their sustainability strategies. HHLA reliably documents the transports and certifies the climate-neutral logistics chain in a confirmation for their customers. With this, logisticians show that their transport is climate-neutral.

**Carbon-neutral logistics chain**

Here you can see a selection of the routes for which we are able to offer carbon-neutral transportation. The emissions values have been audited and certified by the TÜV Nord safety certification organisation.

**Confirmation**

By doing so, we can certify the carbon-neutral transportation and the offsetting of any CO₂ emissions. This enables logistic companies to prove their commitment of protecting the climate.

**CO₂ offsetting**

Offsetting of all unavoidable CO₂ emissions through voluntary compensation measures in accordance with the highest sustainability standard (Gold Standard).

**HHLA Pure offsets 16,2 tonnes CO₂ per rail route**

(Sample calculation of a fully laden train with 108 TEU cargo from Container Terminal Burchardkai in Hamburg to Budapest)

- **Restoration of rainforests in Panama**
- **Wind farms in India**
- **Low-friction anti-fouling paint for ships**

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(Sample calculation of a fully laden train with 108 TEU cargo from Container Terminal Burchardkai in Hamburg to Budapest)

**Container Terminal Burchardkai, Hamburg**

- Distance: 1,207 km
- METRANS: Average transport*: 150 kg CO₂/TEU are fully offset with HHLA Pure
- **240 kg CO₂/TEU**

**Container Terminal Altenwerder, Hamburg**

- Distance: 864 km
- METRANS: Average transport*: 130 kg CO₂/TEU are fully offset with HHLA Pure
- **240 kg CO₂/TEU**

**Container Terminal Tollerort, Hamburg**

- Distance: 665 km
- METRANS: Average transport*: 90 kg CO₂/TEU are fully offset with HHLA Pure
- **150 kg CO₂/TEU**

*Average rolling stock in Europe **Calculated using EcoTrans IT
Hybrid straddle carriers move containers efficiently across the terminals

They dominate the skyline of the HHLA Container Terminal Burchardkai (CTB) and HHLA Container Terminal Tollerort (CTT): long-legged container transporters that move the steel boxes between ship, yard and rail terminal. In the Port of Hamburg, these manned systems are known as straddle carriers. A first generation diesel straddle carrier uses approximately 30 litres of diesel for each hour of use. To reduce consumption and the associated CO₂ emissions, HHLA has been using diesel-electric straddle carriers for quite some time. This has reduced the vehicles’ diesel consumption by approximately 30 percent, or 9 litres per hour of use. In order to further reduce energy consumption and CO₂ emissions, HHLA is testing hybrid straddle carriers. Two of these hybrid straddle carriers have been in use as part of a test at the HHLA Container Terminal Tollerort (CTT) since 2019. Another hybrid straddle carrier has already completed its test run at the HHLA Container Terminal Burchardkai (CTB). The energy-efficient technology of these battery-hybrid straddle carriers reduces diesel consumption by a further 25 percent.

The principle behind the hybrid technology is very simple: The straddle carrier stores surplus energy, which is generated during braking or while the load is being lowered, for example, in a high-performance lithium-ion battery. As it moves, the hybrid straddle carrier uses this energy from the battery. This significantly reduces diesel consumption.

The latest generation of hybrid straddle carriers has made clear the enormous potential that their further development offers. In under two decades, energy consumption has been halved.

After the successful test phase, HHLA is continuing to expand the hybrid straddle carrier fleet and has already ordered 18 additional hybrid straddle carriers. The first two have been in use at CTT since December 2020 and two more followed at the start of the new year. The 14 remaining hybrid straddle carriers will be supplied by Konecranes in the coming months.

Climate protection and energy efficiency

According to scientific evidence, global climate change resulting from greenhouse gas emissions is directly associated with the use of fossil fuels to generate energy. Reducing consumption both of the major fuel sources used by HHLA, diesel and electricity, and of gas and oil, supports HHLA’s economic aims.

We reduce our CO₂ emissions through energy efficiency and innovation. In doing so, HHLA contributes towards achieving the following SDGs:

Automated high-bay warehouse boosts space efficiency in banana handling

The O’Swadives multi-purpose terminal in Hamburg, located in the Kleiner Grasbrook district to the south of the Norderelbe, is Germany’s biggest fruit-handling facility. Every year, HHLA Frucht- und Kühlzentrum (HHLA Frucht) handles approximately 500,000 tonnes of bananas and 80,000 tonnes of apples, pineapples, grapes, citrus fruit and potatoes. This enables Hamburg to live up to its reputation as a key port for the import of fruit. Because the harbour has its own ripening facility, banana handling is particularly important.

In order to keep the imported exotic fruit fresh, the cold chain must not be broken when discharging the cargo from the container. As a result, O’Swadives uses the latest technical ship-handling and ground-handling equipment, which transports the foodstuffs immediately to air-conditioned storage bays. The bananas and other fruit are stored there for the time being.

In addition to one of the most advanced refrigerated warehouses for banana handling in the world, capable of housing 8,000 pallets, HHLA Frucht primarily shows off its innovative credentials in terms of space-efficient storage. A fully automated high-bay warehouse boosts storage capacity by 66 percent to 16,300 m². This means the automated high bay can accommodate more than 3,000 additional pallets of bananas in the same space.

Ensuring space-efficient and thus sustainable planning of terminal processes is one of HHLA’s core concerns. As such, the fully automated high-bay warehouse for banana handling at HHLA Frucht is part of the “Balanced Logistics” sustainability strategy, which states, among other things, that existing space must be used as efficiently as possible.

With this aim, HHLA supports the European Union’s Resource Strategy to put a stop to the increasing use of land and achieve the transition to circular flow land use. It’s a key aspect for a terminal operating right in the heart of Hamburg. After all, the amount of usable space and area available for development is limited here.

Area optimisation

The ever-increasing use of land for transport, work and residential purposes has one of the biggest impacts on the environment – not just in Germany. Impermeable surfaces can barely support natural life. Because persistent rain and downpours cannot seep into the ground, they also increase the risk of flooding. The indirect consequences are even more problematic: for example, each new container terminal built on a greenfield site requires full infrastructure links and often extends transport routes. Compact container terminals such as those operated by HHLA make particularly efficient use of space due to the highly condensed nature of the container storage areas.

We use the limited space available for port and logistics areas as efficiently as possible. In doing so, HHLA contributes towards achieving the following SDGs:

The new hybrid straddle carrier at the CT and CTT consumes 25 percent less diesel fuel.
The busy bees of Altenwerder

Interview with Stephan Iblher, a beekeeper at the HHLA Hamburg container terminals

Stephan Iblher is at home in Hamburg with his beekeeping business oligib, which has hives in twelve locations throughout the city. Ten colonies live at the Container Terminal Altenwerder (CTA). The professional beekeeper is proud of the honey made at CTA and is delighted with the product, which is Hamburg through and through. In this interview, Stephan Iblher gives us an insight into the unusual lives of his bees at the port.

How long have you been keeping bees, and how did you come to choose this job?

For 14 years now. I’m actually a master carpenter. When my wife and I started a family, I sold my joinery business and focussed on looking after the children. I was always fascinated by beekeeping. My grandfather was a beekeeper and I was able to watch what he was doing when I was a child. After I sold the joinery business, I started beekeeping myself – just as a hobby at first. Now it’s my main source of income.

What do you find most interesting about working with bees?

I find insects in general really fascinating. They work in a completely different way to mammals. How they assign jobs, organise themselves. Every bee knows what it has to do. Every bee has its place, and every bee is equal – no matter how slow or hard-working it is.

“By watching bees, we can understand nature and learn from it. I just find that extremely interesting.”

How old can bees get?

It varies widely. The colony comprises the queen bee; she can grow to be five years old and she is responsible for reproduction. She can produce twice her own body weight in eggs. Then there are the drones, the male bees. They only live during the swarm season, from around April to August. Drones cannot sting, by the way. And then there are the workers, which live for just five to six weeks.

What do bees eat in the winter?

The hive comprises various areas. At the top, we find the honey supers, from which we harvest the honey. Underneath is the hive body, which is for the brood but also serves as a way of storing food for the winter. Bees keep producing honey even after the last harvest, such as from clover or dandelion, for example. But I don’t take this honey from them. I also supplement it with sugar water. For the winter, bees need around one jar of honey per month.

How long does it take for pollen to become honey?

Pollen doesn’t make honey – nectar does. The pollen is carried from plant to plant as the bee flies around, which is what pollinates the flowers. The bees suck the nectar from the flowers, enrich it with enzymes and then deposit it in the honeycomb in the hive. It takes two to three weeks to turn into honey.

Where do the bees at CTA collect their nectar? There aren’t any flowers growing between the containers! The bees won’t be able to find much nectar at the quayside, that is true – perhaps a bit of dandelion here and there.

In the spring, they generally collect it from the orchards of Moorburg and Altenwerder. In summer, they collect nectar from all the linden trees around here, but also from the centre of Moorburg. There are also some brownfield sites and renaturation sites around the CTA, where the bees can find robbing trees, as well as raspberry and blackberry bushes.

Does the HHLA honey Hafengold taste of the port?

How would you describe the taste of HHLA honey?

The taste of honey varies year to year and largely depends on the amount of sunshine and the temperature. Climate change and milder winters are leading to honeys acquiring a more resinous, caramel flavour. Dandelion results in a fruity, honeycomb.

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How do the bees mind their unusual environment?

No. For the bees, there’s nothing unusual about it – it’s just home. Just like humans, bees are very capable of adapting. If they were bothered by it, they would move out.

How big is the bee colony at CTA? And how many hives do you look after throughout Hamburg?

Usually, there is one colony within a hive, but sometimes there are two colonies in a single hive. At CTA, each hive contains one colony, so we have ten colonies here in total. The size of a colony depends on the time of year. In winter, there are up to 15,000 bees in the colony, while in summer this number rises to up to 50,000 bees.

“So that means up to 500,000 bees are buzzing around between all the containers during the summer.”

How many do I have in total? Well, a beekeeper never tells! Partly because there are different counting methods, which means that the number itself tells us very little. But I don’t reveal the location of my hives because, sadly, they are all too often stolen or destroyed. Here at the CTA, my bees are really safe. It’s a secured area with guards and CCTV, so nothing can happen to them.

Up to 500,000 bees – you must have suffered a sting or two, right? What’s the best way of treating a bee sting?

I always get asked this! Yes, I have been stung a fair few times. This morning, for example, a bee got me on the back of my hand. As a result, I always have a low dose of bee venom in my body, which helps against rheumatism, it’s said. So, I’ll never get rheumatism. Bee venom has an immediate effect on the body, right after you are stung. I can deal with it pretty well. And to anyone asking me what the best remedy is for a bee sting, I always say: the best remedy is not to go near the bees.

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A programme of study for shapers of the future

Automation, digitalisation, intercultural complexities and increasingly tough competition require HHLA to come up with new solutions.

HHLA’s aspiration is to continue to have employees who can provide the right answers to these increasingly complex questions in the future.

To promote these skills in talented individuals at HHLA, the company worked with Kühne Logistics University (KLU) to develop a part-time English-language Master’s course to be completed while working. The KLU course “Leadership and Supply Chain Management” was tailored to the company-specific, strategic and cultural challenges of the Group and is directed exclusively at HHLA employees in Germany and abroad.

Within 17 months, the participants can complete a Master of Business Administration (MBA) degree while working. During the first 13 months, the intensive self-study phase is supplemented with a four-day block seminar. The course also includes two one-week stints abroad, which had to be postponed in 2020 as a result of the pandemic.

At Tongji University in Shanghai, China, participants can study supply chain sustainability, while at Ohio State University in the USA, they can learn about value creation in supply chain management.

In addition to practical topics like digital transformation and sustainable added value, the course primarily deals with strengthening intercultural competence, acquiring a modern view of leadership, designing change processes constructively and supporting the cultural change which has been initiated at HHLA.

The MBA course was launched in April 2020 with twelve students in the first group. Six women and six men from a total of three countries and representing a variety of areas within the holding company took place in the programme. At 50 percent, the high proportion of women in the course reflects our strategic HR policy.

Julia Metslov, a Master’s student and the Head of Customer Service at HHLA TK Estonia, is impressed with the course: “I have been in charge of customer service at the Estonian HHLA subsidiary since September 2019. With my participation in the MBA programme and its strong focus on modern management, I want to become an especially good supervisor to my team and improve our work processes.”

The Corporate Master’s course is a major pillar in HHLA’s strategy to promote the knowledge and skills of its employees. In 2020, as part of this strategy, HHLA invested € 5.3 million in employee training in Hamburg alone.
Well informed and protected throughout the pandemic

The health and occupational safety of our employees is of prime importance at HHLA. In 2020, the coronavirus pandemic posed an unprecedented challenge for the company. HHLA mastered it thanks to rapid decision-making, fast action and widely communicated protective measures.

As part of the critical infrastructure, HHLA makes an important contribution towards maintaining supply routes in Germany and Europe.

In order to be able to fulfil this task reliably at all times, we had to maintain operations at the HHLA facilities and within the intermodal network while protecting our employees – in addition to observing the restrictions implemented by the authorities in order to stop the spread of coronavirus. Thanks to the quick, decisive action by the Executive Board at the start of the pandemic, and thanks to the employees’ sense of responsibility of the employees, HHLA was able to uphold its commitments to consumers and companies at all times. This was mainly due to group-wide crisis management, which was able to respond to a wide range of situations. Even when the full extent of the pandemic could not yet be foreseen, a task force was set up, headed by the Chairman of the Executive Board. The task force comprised all Executive Board members, key management staff responsible for operations and both company doctors. The committee analysed the situation every day at first, and later once every week, deciding which measures would have to be implemented in the company. A major area of focus was on providing continual updates for the employees. As such, the task force provided information via the newsletter just after the outbreak, and then informed employees via the existing internal communication channels, such as the intranet and the HHLA Team app. It also answered questions from employees, which they could send to an email address specially set up for the purpose. The company doctors advised on-site on how to implement hygiene and social distancing rules effectively.

The fear and uncertainty in the workforce was reduced as a result of comprehensive and, above all, regular updates.

At the start of the pandemic, for example, there was much uncertainty when processing ships from China, when it was still unclear as to the risks to which HHLA employees were exposed if they came into contact with crew members or containers. In order to comprehensively protect the health of our employees while maintaining operations, work processes and shift handovers were changed and the relevant social distancing and hygiene measures were implemented in all areas of the company. Legal requirements were sometimes put into action before they actually came into force. For example, to stop the spread of the virus, employees who had been in high-risk areas or who knew someone personally who had been infected self-isolated as a precaution – even without official instructions to do so. In order for these protective measures to be accepted and followed, it was important that they were explained and communicated to our employees.

It was a big challenge for a company that runs 24/7 with many employees working in blue-collar jobs.

The information published by the coronavirus protection task force was therefore not only provided via the intranet, but also via the HHLA Team app, which employees without a desk can also read on their smartphones. Employees working from home were kept up to date via an information channel in Microsoft Teams. This tool was rolled out by HHLA IT within days of the start of the pandemic from 350 to around 2,000 users. In order to ensure that the social distancing and hygiene rules are observed even if the pandemic lasts a long time, highly attention-grabbing formats have been developed. For example, employees were able to send in their own videos and take part in the HHLA summer campaign “The best social distancing – by far”. In their clips, they explained how they were able to maintain social distancing when on holiday or during their leisure time.

Employees at the Hamburg container terminals demonstrated that they are aware of their responsibility in difficult times with a photography campaign. The images were posted under the hashtag #WirVersorgenDeutschland (We Supply Germany).

Health and occupational safety

Around the clock and 360 days a year (there are five port holidays), they work with heavy machinery and heavy loads in all kinds of weather. The working conditions at HHLA’s terminals and facilities place high demands on all of our employees. And yet even repetitive office work or a multitude of individual limitations can restrict or endanger health.

We ensure safe and fair working conditions and promote health-conscious behaviour. In doing so, HHLA contributes towards achieving the following SDGs.

Thanks to the employees’ sense of responsibility of its employees, HHLA can guarantee that operations will continue.

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Social responsibility

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Modility digital booking portal is transferring transportation from road to rail

Find, plan and book free transport capacity for combined transport: it’s easy with the booking and placement portal Modility. Launched by Hamburger Hafen und Logistik AG, the corporate spin-off Modility, which is being realised in cooperation with twelve development partners from the transportation and logistics industry, will be entering its pilot phase in early 2021.

Its aim is to create a digital hub for combined transport that will help to shape the transport flows of the future and promote the adoption of climate-friendly combined transport. Easy access to intermodal transportation aims to help to shape the transport flows of the future and to strengthen combined transport as an environmentally friendly transport system.

Modility has managed to represent the complexity of combined transport in a supplier-neutral portal with clear functions. Logistics companies can find out about available combined transport links and capacities and then plan and book them directly. With easy access to transport alternatives, they have the option of responding flexibly to variations in cargo volume and enquiries at short notice. The booking process is completed via a intuitive user interface, based on tried-and-tested booking websites from B2C businesses.

Climate-friendly combined transport is thus made accessible to companies with no experience in combined transport.

The digital booking portal Modility is a solution developed based on a niche in the market. The development partners involved represent a cross-section of those involved in combined transport, which means that the various needs and challenges of the market are taken into account right from the start. The booking of combined transport was tested via the portal by development partners and pilot clients prior to market launch. With the resulting insights, Modility is fine-tuned in line with requirements and the range of functions is being continually expanded.

HHLA sees additional potential in moving more transport from road to rail and through its commitment is helping to reduce the amount of CO₂ emissions resulting from transportation.

HHLA sees cooperation with strong partners as the fundamental key to achieving climate-relevant change within the industry and through Modility shows that business model development and climate protection can go hand in hand.

HHLA trainees support Hamburg’s Mittagsrakete school lunch project

HHLA trainees observed unique logistical processes during their voluntary charity project in the spring; they delivered meals to children in need in Hamburg. Due to the closure of nurseries and schools as a result of the coronavirus pandemic, the little ones were not only missing a place to study and play with their friends, but also often the one hot meal they had every day. As a result, the charity Mittagsrakete has been delivering healthy lunches to children who have been particularly hard hit by this unusual situation.

A total of 2,000 children benefitted from this temporary assistance during the hard lockdown in spring.

Delivering the meals to the children at home was an enormous logistical challenge for the charity. As a result, the support from the up-and-coming experts in port logistics at HHLA was very welcome. Thanks to the dedication of the Mittagsrakete charity and the volunteers, an aid programme was quickly put into action until state funding could be released for providing food outside of schools and nurseries. In doing so, the project was of central importance during the interim, with all of the volunteers delivering a total of 42,000 lunches.

“I was happy to help out,” says Daniel Mücke from HHLA. “Being a trainee at HHLA provided me with a unique opportunity to be involved in a social project and to raise the profile of the Port of Hamburg. We also feel the gratitude of the families. A total of four HHLA teams supported the project, which was reliant on donations, and delivered the meals during lockdown.”

HHLA trainees provided children with warm meals during lockdown.

We make an ongoing and significant contribution to added value and thus raise prosperity at all locations.

As the largest port in Germany by far, the Port of Hamburg directly and indirectly employs over 165,000 people in the Hamburg Metropolitan Region. It is one of the most important economic factors of northern Germany and, as a hub of international trade, plays an extremely important role for supply routes in Germany and Europe.

HHLA combines its business activities with social responsibilities. As a major port and logistics company at the heart of northern Germany’s economy, HHLA is in the public eye, particularly in the greater Hamburg region. On the other hand, HHLA requires political and public support for its operations and investment programmes, as well as for the necessary expansion of infrastructure.

We engage in dialogue with society to discuss and provide information on topics related to port logistics. In doing so, HHLA contributes towards achieving the following SDGs:

Social responsibility

Balanced Logistics
Mr Lütje, as the Director of Sales, you contribute towards the evolution of the HHLA business model. In 2020, you entered into strategic partnerships with various inland ports and other partners as part of this. Which are the latest ports to enter into a partnership with HHLA, and what aims do these partnerships pursue?

That’s right! To date, we have entered into strategic partnerships to promote inland waterway shipping and the use of inland ports with the ports of Braunschweig and Brunsbüttel, including the logistics company Spedition Kruse, which is based there, as well as the shipping company Modal3. In addition, we are now partnered with the ports of Haldensleben and Fallersleben.

The aim is to work together to boost awareness within the forwarding industry of this environmentally friendly, efficient and safe mode of transport. By doing so, we want to do our bit towards moving containers from road transportation over to inland waterway ships, thus reducing the amount of CO₂ emissions resulting from transportation.

What significance does the transport system inland port – inland waterway ship – waterways have for HHLA, and what benefits are there for the environment from expanding this system?

This transport system is much more environmentally friendly, even for relatively short distances, because it uses much less energy per container. Moving container transport over from road to waterways also relieves pressure on already congested roads.

The significance of inland waterway ships is continuing to grow for HHLA – not least because we are actively shaping alliances concerned with expanding the use of inland waterway ships.

How can HHLA tap into the potential for promoting inland waterway shipping via these new alliances? We primarily want to raise the profile of inland waterway shipping and to work with our partners to develop new transport concepts for the forwarding industry. In 2021, we want to hold information events – hopefully not just via video conference – in order to increase the perceived appeal of the forwarding system inland port – inland waterway ship – waterways as an attractive alternative.

In addition to the environmental advantages, what benefits does inland waterway shipping offer the customer?

In 2018 and 2019, there was a significant shortage of truck drivers. The trade press spoke of a systemic shortfall of 60,000 to 70,000 drivers. On the roads, one person can transport two 20-foot containers by heavy goods vehicle. On the waterways, one captain can transport many times this amount by inland waterway ship. The advantages are clear.

The Hamburg Vessel Coordination Center (HVCC) in which HHLA is a majority shareholder, also ensures the seamless handling of the inland waterway ships within the port. The HVCC developed a digital platform especially for inland waterway ships which centrally coordinates ship calls, routes within the port, the assignment of berths and terminal handling.

Is that now having an effect on demand? How has the container volume arriving at or leaving the Port of Hamburg via inland waterway ship changed over the past few years?

Absolutely! Volume has continued to increase over the past few years. Inland waterway shipping is the mode of transport recording the biggest gains. As a result of the pandemic, transport volumes in 2020 were not reflective of the previous years. However, we are working on the assumption that demand for inland waterway shipping will continue to increase again after the pandemic.

Business partners

The fair treatment of all business partners – whether they are customers, suppliers, investors or creditors – is a prerequisite for any company that wants to compete successfully on the market today. Compliance with sustainability standards also plays an important role for HHLA.

We offer tailor-made solutions and work responsibly with our suppliers. In doing so, HHLA contributes towards achieving the following SDGs:

“The fight against the coronavirus pandemic is a significant drain on resources, but this must not be used as an excuse to neglect other global challenges such as climate change.”

Angela Titzrath, Chairwoman of the Executive Board